



**Feroze1888 Mills Limited**  
Manufacturers & Exporters of Specialized Yarn & Textile Terry Products



# ANNUAL REPORT | 2017

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## COMPANY INFORMATION

### Board of Directors

Mr. Jonathan R. Simon	Director/Chairman
Mr. Anas Rahman	Director/Vice Chairman
Mr. Khaleequr Rahman	Director
Mr. Shabbir Ahmed	Director
Mr. Abdul Rehman Yaqub	Director
Mr. Perwez Ahmed	Director
Mr. Nasim Hyder	Director
Mr. Rehan Rahman	Chief Executive

### Audit Committee

Mr. Nasim Hyder	Chairman
Mr. Khaleequr Rehman	Member
Mr. Perwez Ahmed	Member

### HR & Remuneration Committee

Mr. Khaleequr Rahman
Mr. Nasim Hyder
Mr. Anas Rahman

### Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Imran Tola

### Company Secretary

Mr. Muhammad Faheem

### Bankers

Bank Al Habib Limited  
Faysal Bank Limited  
Habib Bank Limited  
Habib Metropolitan Bank Ltd  
Meezan Bank Limited  
Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Ltd

### Auditors

Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq  
Chartered Accountants  
180-A, S.M.C.H.S.,  
Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi

### Legal Advisor

Mohsin Tayebaly & Co

### Registered Office

H-23/4A, Scheme # 3  
Landhi Industrial Area  
Karachi.

### Head Office

B-4/A, SITE, Karachi

### Factory

#### Sindh

H-23/4A, Scheme # 3  
Landhi Industrial Area  
Karachi.  
Plot # C-3, SITE, Karachi.  
Plot # C-31 SITE, Karachi.  
Plot # A-5, SITE, Karachi.  
Plot # F-89, SITE, Karachi  
Plot # F-125, SITE, Karachi  
Plot # F-342, SITE, Karachi  
Plot # D-202, SITE, Karachi  
S-81, Northern Bypass,  
Hub River Road, Karachi.

#### Balochistan

D-14, HITE, Hub, Lasbela, Balochistan.

### Share Registrar/Transfer Agent

FAMCO Associate (Pvt.) Ltd  
8-F, Next to Hotel Faran Nursery,  
Block-6, PECHS,  
Shahrah-e-Faisal,  
Karachi.

### Website

<http://www.feroze1888.com>

## VISION

Our aim is to be a market leader in terry textile manufacturing with our strong commitments to 3Ps (People-Planet-Prosperity). We will prosper by creating unmatched value for our global customer & stakeholders through our exceptional quality products & services.

## MISSION

We are leading vertically integrated industry known for its state of the art machinery, infrastructure, standardized systems, production processes and adopting ideology of 3Ps (People-Planet-Prosperity). We are committed to the ongoing learning, development & growth of our valued employees. Our Focus is on building an environment of prosperity & gratification for all our customers & stakeholders through our operational excellence & solution based innovations.

### NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given to the Members that the 45<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held on Thursday, October 26, 2017 at 09:30 a.m. at B-4/A, SITE, Karachi to transact the following business:

#### ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Accounts for the year ended June 30, 2017 together with the Directors' Report and Auditors' Report thereon.
2. To consider and approve final cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2017 @ Rs.1.70 per share (17%) to all shareholders of the company as recommended by the Board of Directors in addition to already paid interim dividend @ Rs. 1.00 per share (10%).
3. To appoint auditors of the Company and fix their remuneration for the financial year 2017-18. The Board of Directors, on the recommendation of the Audit Committee of the Company, has proposed the appointment of EY Ford Rhodes, Chartered Accountant, as External Auditors, of the Company for the year 2017-2018.
4. To consider any other business with the permission of the Chair.

By order of the Board  
**(Muhammad Faheem)**  
Company Secretary

Karachi: September 26, 2017

#### Notes:

1. Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from Friday, October 20, 2017 to Thursday, October 26, 2017 (both days inclusive). Transfer received at the office of Share Registrar at the close of business on Thursday October 19, 2017 will be considered in time to attend and vote at the meeting and for the purpose of above entitlement to the transferees.
2. A member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint a proxy to attend, speak and vote instead of him/her. A proxy must be a member of the company. An instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed, or a notarially certified copy of such power of authority must be valid be received at the Registered Office of the Company or at the Office of the Share Registrar not later than forty eight hours before the time appointed for the Meeting. A member shall not be entitled to appoint more than one proxy. If a Member appoints more than one proxy and more than one instrument of proxy are deposited by a member with the Company, all such instruments shall be rendered invalid. The proxy shall produce his/her Original National Identify Card or Passport to prove his/her identity.
3. Members are requested to submit copies of their CNICs and promptly notify any change in their address by writing to the office of the registrar.

4. Members should quote their Folio/CDC number in all correspondence and at the time of attending the Meeting.
5. In pursuance of section 242 of the Company Act, 2017 which mandates all listed companies to pay dividend only by way of electronic mode directly into the bank account of entitle shareholder designated by them. Therefore, through this notice all shareholders are requested to update their bank account details in the Central Depository System through respective participants. In case of physical shares, to provide bank account details to company Share Registrar, M/s. FAMCO Associates (Pvt.) Ltd.

Please note that after October 31, 2017 all dividends, declared by the Company, will only be remitted to designated bank accounts and not otherwise, so please ensure an early update of your particulars to avoid any inconvenience in future.

6. Shareholders are informed that the Government of Pakistan has made certain amendments in Section 150 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 whereby different rates are prescribed for deduction of withholding tax on the amount of dividend paid by the Companies. These tax rates are as under:
 

a).	for Filers of Income Tax Return	15%
b).	for Non-filer of Income Tax Return	20%

Shareholders are advised to provide their CNIC/NTN to Share Registrar of the Company for availing the benefit of withholding tax rate applicable to filers.

7. Shareholders, who by any reason, could not claim their dividend or bonus shares or did not collect their physical shares, are advised to contact our share registrar M/s. FAMCO Associates (Pvt.) Ltd to collect/enquire about their unclaimed dividend or pending shares, if any.

Please note that in compliance with Section 244 of the Companies Act, 2017, after having completed the stipulated procedure, all such dividend and shares outstanding for a period of 3 years or more from the date due and payable shall be deposited to the credit of the Federal Government in case of unclaimed dividend and in case of shares, shall be delivered to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

8. SECP SRO 787(I)/2014 Dated September 8, 2014, the company can Circulate its annual Financial Statement alongwith Company's Notice of Annual General Meeting through email to its shareholders of the company who wish to receive Annual Audited Report via email are requested to provide the complete consent form to the company email consent form already available at our website.

#### 9. GUIDELINES FOR CDC ACCOUNT HOLDERS ISSUED BY SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN

##### For personal attendance:

- (i) In case of individual, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall authenticate his/her identity by showing his/her original National Identity Card at the time of attending the meeting.

- (ii) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of the meeting.

##### For appointing proxy

- (i) In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per the above requirement.
- (ii) The proxy must be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) number shall be mentioned on the form.
- (iii) Attested copies of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and of the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- (iv) The proxy shall produce his/her Original CNIC or Original Passport at the time of the meeting.
- (v) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted (unless has been provided earlier) alongwith proxy form to the Company.

**Registered Office:**  
Feroze1888 Mills Limited  
H-23/4A, Scheme 3 Landhi Industrial Area Landhi  
Karachi

**Share Registrar:**  
FAMCO Associates (Pvt.) Ltd  
8-F, Next to Hotel Faran, Nursery, Block 6,  
PECHS, Shahrae-Faisal Karachi



## CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW

### Review Report by the Chairman on Board's overall performance and effectiveness of the role played by the Board in achieving Company's objectives under section 192 of the Companies Act, 2017:

I am pleased to present to the members of Feroze1888 Mills Limited (the "Company"), the performance review and the role played by the Board for the financial year ended 30 June 2017.

#### Economic Outlook

During the financial year 2016-17, the economy had grown by 5.3%, missing the growth target of 5.7%. Pakistan has exceeded 5% GDP growth after almost 10 years. In 2013, Pakistan was in the range of 3% growth and within 4% for the next couple of years. Agricultural sector had grown by 20%, the services sector by 60% and industry by 21%.

At the macro-economic level, Pakistan missed the trade deficit target of Rs 20.4 billion, with the actual deficit widening to Rs 24 billion. The current account deficit expanded to USD 7.25 billion in fiscal year 2016-17. Further, the foreign exchange reserves of the country have reached nearly USD 21 billion.

Pakistan continues on its economic progress trajectory, which enhanced during the year under review and most macroeconomic indicators, other than the balance of payments, generally remained stable. The budgeted growth target for the financial year 2017-18 is 6% of the GDP. The country's annual cotton requirement is 15 million bales whereas current production is 10 million bales and the government is working effectively to bridge the gap.

#### Business Performance

During the year under review, consolidated profit after tax at PKR 2,490 million is 35 % lower than the same period last year. Performances during the year were positive and company ended up with 2% growth in net sales revenue at PKR 20,023 million which was mainly caused by an increment in sales volume, however, the selling prices remained low as compared to prior year. On the other hand, increasing trend of raw material prices including inflationary impacts on other major components of operating cost has caused the Company profit margins to shrink sharply.

#### Roles and Responsibilities of the Board of Directors

The Board during the year ended 30 June 2017 played an effective role in managing the affairs of the Company and attaining its objectives in the following manner:

1. Board has a clear understanding of the stakeholders (shareholders, customers, employees, vendors, society at large) whom the Company serves. The Board has a strategic vision of how the organization should be evolving over the next three to five years. Furthermore, the Board sets annual goals and targets for the management in all major performance areas.
2. Board members are familiar with the current vision, mission and values and support them. The Board revisits the mission and vision statement from time to time.
3. The Board has ensured the adequate system of internal control is in place and its regular assessment through self-assessment mechanism and / or internal audit activities.
4. All the significant issues throughout the year were presented before the Board or its committees to strengthen and formalize the corporate decision making process and particularly all the related party transactions executed by the Company were approved by the Board on the recommendation of the Audit Committee.

5. The Board Audit Committee (BAC) and Human Resources and Remuneration committee met regularly to strengthen the functions of the Board.
6. The Board remained updated with respect to achievement of Company's objectives, goals, strategies and financial performance through regular presentations by the management, internal and external auditors and other independent consultants. The Board provided appropriate directions and oversight to the management on a timely basis.
7. The Board members effectively bring the diversity to the Board and constitute a mix of independent and non-executive directors. The non-executive and independent directors were equally involved in all the important board decisions.
8. The Board has effectively set the tone-at-the-top, by putting in place transparent and robust system of governance. This is reflected by setting up an effective control environment, compliance with best practices of corporate governance and by promoting ethical and fair behavior across the company.

I would conclude by extending my gratitude to the Board for their earnest contributions towards the advancement of the Company. I wish to acknowledge the contribution of all our employees in the success of the Company. I wish to thank our shareholders, customers, suppliers, financial institutions and other business partners for confidence and support.

**Jonathan R. Simon**  
Chairman/Director

Karachi: September 26, 2017

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

Your directors are pleased to present the 45<sup>th</sup> Annual Report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017.

### Business Review and Performance

The textile sector in Pakistan has significant impact on the economy, contributing around 57% to the country's exports. However, there are serious concerns over a crisis-like situation resulting from declining exports, due to high production costs, regional competition, inconsistent government policies and uncompetitive energy prices, and increased working capital requirements due to holding of refunds by government.

The current year under review was very challenging because of higher raw material prices coupled with lower sale prices. While the volume of sales recorded an increase of 5% compared to the previous year, profits were still adversely affected due to the factors highlighted above. The gross profit margin fell in the year 2016-17 from 28% to 20%, whereas the profit after tax to sales from continued operations was 12.43% as compared to 19.38% in the preceding year.

The management has formed a subsidiary company Xublimity (Pvt.) Limited on 20<sup>th</sup> April 2017 acquiring 76% of its shares. The subsidiary company will primarily develop comprehensive Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) software and other IT solutions.

### Earnings per share

Earnings per share for the year ended June 30, 2017 was Rs. 6.61 compared with Rs. 10.11 per share last year.

### Dividend

Keeping in view the financial results of the Company, the Board of Directors of the Company has recommended a final cash dividend of @ 17% i.e., Rs.1.70 per share (in addition to 10% interim cash dividend) for all shareholders of the Company.

### Future Outlook

Given the rising global competition in textiles, as more and more countries realizing that this sector holds paramount importance in shoring up employment and exports. The country must develop a focused approach to boost textile exports as they significantly contribute to the country's GDP.

The State Bank of Pakistan in its monetary policy issued on 22<sup>nd</sup> July, 2017 stated that economy is on an expansion phase and there is a strong likelihood of continued growth momentum.

The government should ensure that there is easy availability of raw materials. The country's annual requirement of cotton is around 15 million bales whereas production was 10 million bales each in the last two seasons, however, there is still no cotton crop management policy is in place.

The government announced the relief package to the industry in the previous year which assisted the industry, and the company appreciates such steps and anticipates same supportive measures in the future. The government however is yet to release the pending funds such as sales tax refunds, research and development rebates, duty draw back rebates including last year's relief package funds to improve the liquidity of the companies.

To be competitive in market and to give better return to our investors we continue to make efforts and focus on improving efficiencies and productivity, expand our market and customer base, emphasis on value added products and further investment in state of the art technological plant and machineries.

## Corporate Social Responsibility

The Board of Directors of the Company being aware of their roles and responsibilities, are giving due emphasis on "Corporate Social Responsibility". The yearly objectives of the company as well as of departments and budgets have continued provisions for activities like conserving natural resources, waste reduction and recycling, improving energy efficiency and enhancing environmental performance by reducing spills and releases.

The Company has "Social Responsibility Squad" established and managed jointly by management with the emphasis on areas like health, safety, environment and education. In order to create awareness amongst the employees, the squad organized and celebrated various events, such as world heart day, world health day, world environment day, earth day and many more with the help of in house experts, display and distribution of literature and inviting outside faculty and consultants for lectures.

The "Medical Assistance Clinic" has provided consultancy to hundreds of patients a month with free treatments to employees in non-management cadre and with very nominal fee for those working in management cadre.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The directors have taken all necessary measures in order to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance in accordance with the listing rules of the Pakistan stock exchange Limited and state that:

1. The financial statements, prepared by the management of the company, present its state of affairs fairly, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
2. Proper books of account of the company have been maintained.
3. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
4. International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departures there from has been adequately disclosed.
5. The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
6. There are no significant doubts upon the company's ability to continue as a going concern.
7. There is no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance as defined in the listing regulations of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited.
8. Key operating and financial data for the last six years is annexed.
9. There are no outstanding dues on account of taxes, levies and charges except of a normal and routine nature.
10. The value of Provident Fund Investments as per audited accounts of Provident Fund Trust for the year ended June 30, 2016 was Rs.328.992 million.
11. Four, four and one meetings of Board of Directors, Audit Committee and HR & Remuneration Committee were respectively held during the year. Attendance by the directors/members is given below:

### Board of Directors:

Mr. Anas Rahman	04
Mr. Abdul Rehman Yaqub	04
Mr. Jonathan R. Simon	04
Mr. Khaleequr Rahman	04
Mr. Nasim Hyder	04
Mr. Perwez Ahmed	04
Mr. Rehan Rahman	04
Mr. Shabbir Ahmed	04

Mr. Nasim Hyder has been appointed as Director on August 9, 2016 in place of Mr. Faisal Shams Khan who resigned the directorship on May 11, 2016.

**Audit Committee:**

Mr. Khaleequr Rahman	04
Mr. Nasim Hyder	04
Mr. Perwez Ahmed	04

**HR & Remuneration Committee:**

Mr. Anas Rahman	01
Mr. Khaleequr Rahman	01
Mr. Nasim Hyder	-
Mr. Rehan Rahman	01

Mr. Nasim Hyder joined HR&R Committee in place of Mr. Rehan Rehman during the year.

12. The Board had arranged orientation course of the CCG for its directors in compliance with the requirement of having at least half of the Board DTP certified at all times as prescribed under the clause 5.19.7 of the CCG.

During the year, the Company Secretary conducted briefing sessions for directors to acquaint them with the changes in Corporate Laws and Regulations.

13. During the year share trade by Directors and their spouse were notified in writing to the Company Secretary along with the price, number of share, form of share certificate and nature of transaction. All such transactions have been disclosed in the pattern of shareholdings.

The Statement of Compliance with the Best Practice of Code of Corporate Governance is annexed.

**AUDITORS**

The auditors M/s Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Raifq, Chartered Accountants, retires and being eligible, has offered them for re-appointment. Whereas the board of directors endorsed the recommendation of audit committee to appoint, M/s EY Ford Rhodes, Chartered Accountants as external auditors of the company for year 2017-18.

**PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING**

Statements showing the pattern of shareholding as at June 30, 2017 is enclosed to this report as required under the Companies Act 2017, and the Code of Corporate Governance.

**INTERNAL CONTROLS**

Your company has adopted effective policies and procedures for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records and the timely preparation of reliable financial information.

**ACKNOWLEDGMENT**

The Directors are pleased to place on record their appreciation for the contributions made by the employees of the Company and look forward for same cordial relationship in coming years. In addition, management also acknowledges the role of all the financial institutions, customers, suppliers and other stakeholders for their continued support.

For and on behalf of the Board

**Khaleequr Rahman**  
Director

**Rehan Rahman**  
Chief Executive Officer

Karachi: September 26, 2017

**ڈائریکٹر رپورٹ**

بصد تشکر آپ کے ڈائریکٹر مینیجمنٹ کی ہیڈنگ (45th) سالانہ رپورٹ بشمول آڈٹ مالیاتی گوشوارے برائے اختتامی مالی سال 30 جون 2017ء پیش کرتے ہیں۔

**کاروباری جائزہ اور کارکردگی**

پاکستان میں ٹیکسٹائل کے شعبے نے معیشت پر اہم اثرات مرتب کئے ہیں اور ملک کی برآمدات میں تقریباً ستاون فیصد (57%) حصہ ڈالا ہے، پیداوار کی لاگت میں اضافہ، ٹیکسٹائل کے شعبے میں علاقائی مسابقت، غیر متواتر حکومتی پالیسیاں، توانائی کی غیر مستحکم قیمتیں اور حکومت کی جانب سے روکے گئے ریفرنڈز اور روزمرہ کاروباری ضرورت کے لئے سرمائے میں اضافہ سخت تشویش کا باعث اور ملکی برآمدات میں مسلسل کمی کا باعث بن رہا ہے۔

موجودہ مالی سال، خام مال کی بڑھتی ہوئی قیمتوں اور ساتھ ساتھ قیمت فروخت میں کمی کی وجہ سے مشکلات کا شکار رہا، جبکہ فروخت کی شرح نمونہ شدہ مالی سال کے مقابلے میں پانچ فیصد (5%) رہی، دوسری جانب مندرجہ بالا بیان کئے گئے منفی عوامل کی وجہ سے منافع میں منہ رجمان دیکھا گیا ہے، موجودہ مالی سال میں خام منافع کے مارجن (Gross Profit Margin) میں گراؤت دیکھی گئی اور ۲۰ فیصد (20%) پر باجوہ گزشتہ مالی سال میں ۲۸ فیصد (28%) تھا، دوسری جانب خالص منافع (Profit After Tax) ۱۲.۳۰ فیصد (12.43%) رہا جو کہ گزشتہ مالی سال ۱۹.۳۸ فیصد (19.38%) تھا۔

مینیجمنٹ نے مورخہ ۱۲ اپریل ۲۰۱۷ء کو ایک ذیلی کمپنی "Xublimity (Pvt) Limited" تشکیل دے کر ۶۷ فیصد (76%) حصص حاصل کر لئے ہیں۔

مندرجہ بالا ذیلی کمپنی بنیادی طور پر جانچ انچر پرائز ریپورس پلاننگ (ERP) سافٹ ویئر اور IT شعبے کے جملہ ضروری مصنوعات تیار اور مہیا کرے گی۔

**فی حصص آمدنی**

مالی سال ۲۰۱۷ء جون کے اختتام پر فی حصص آمدن ۶.۶۱ روپے کی گئی جو کہ گزشتہ مالی سال ۱۱.۱۰ روپے تھی۔

**تقسیم شدہ منافع**

کمپنی کے حالیہ مالیاتی نتائج کو مد نظر رکھتے ہوئے، کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز نے کمپنی کے تمام حصص یافتگان کیلئے ۱.۷۰ روپے @ ۱۷ فیصد فی حصص (۱۰ فیصد عبوری ڈیویڈنڈ کے علاوہ) حتیٰ ڈیویڈنڈ کی شفا رشی کی ہے۔

**مستقبل پر نظر**

ٹیکسٹائل کے شعبے میں عالمی مسابقت کے پیش نظر اور جیسا کہ زیادہ سے زیادہ مالک اعتراف کرے ہیں کہ ٹیکسٹائل کا شعبہ روزگار اور برآمدات میں ایک عظیم سنگ میل کی اہمیت رکھتا ہے، حکومتی سطح پر ٹیکسٹائل شعبے کی برآمدات، جو کہ ملکی GDP پر خاطر خواہ اثر ڈالتی ہے، کے فروغ کے لئے ایک واضح حکمت عملی مرتب کرنے کی اشد ضرورت ہے۔

اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان نے مورخہ ۲۲ جولائی ۲۰۱۷ء کو اپنی پالیسی میں بیان کیا ہے کہ ملکی معیشت کو ترقی معطلی میں ہے اور برق رفتار ترقی کے قومی امکانات موجود ہیں۔

ملکی سطح پر کپاس کی سالانہ ضرورت تقریباً ۱۵ ملین بیگز ہیں جبکہ گزشتہ دو سیزنز (Seasons) میں مجموعی پیداوار ۱۱ ملین بیگز رہی، اس کے باوجود کٹن ٹینجمنٹ پالیسی مرتب نہیں کی گئی۔ حکومت کوششے کے لئے خام مال کی دستیابی کو یقینی بنانا چاہیے۔

حکومت نے پچھلے سال صنعت کی معاونت کے لئے امدادی پیکیج کا اعلان کیا ہے جس کی وجہ سے شعبہ کو کافی مدد ملی ہے، کمپنی حکومتی سطح پر اس طرح کے اقدامات کو سراہتی ہے اور مستقبل میں ایسے ہی معاون اقدامات کی امید رکھتی ہے۔ تاہم حکومت کی جانب سے زیر التوا فنڈز جیسے کہ سیلنگس، ریسرچ اینڈ ڈیولپمنٹ رینٹس، ڈیوٹی ڈراء بیک رینٹس بشمول گزشتہ سال کے امدادی پیکیجوں کے فنڈز کا جلد از جلد اجراء ہونا چاہئے تاکہ کمپنیوں کی سرمائے کی ضرورت کو پورا کیا جاسکے۔

کمپنی عالمی منڈی میں مقابلے بازی اور اپنے سرمایہ کاروں کو بہتر منافع مہیا کر کے لئے اپنی قوت، صلاحیتوں اور پیداوار کو بہتر بنانے، منڈیوں اور خریداروں کی بنیاد کو بڑھانے، بہتر قدر و قیمت کے حاصل کیلئے ناکل مصنوعات کو فروغ دینے اور جدید مشینری میں مزید سرمایہ کاری کرنے کے لئے اپنی کوشش جاری رکھے گی۔

### (CSR) ہماری معاشرتی ذمہ داری

آپ کی کمپنی کی مجلس نظامہ اپنی ذمہ داریوں سے آگاہی رکھتے ہوئے کمپنی کی معاشرتی ذمہ داریوں پر توجہ دیتی ہے۔ کمپنی بشمول اس کے تمام محکموں اور بجٹ کے سالانہ مقاصد میں قدرتی وسائل کا تحفظ، صنعتی فضلہ (Wastages) میں کمی اور دوبارہ قابل استعمال بنانا، توانائی کی کارکردگی میں بہتری اور ماحول کو بہتر بنانے میں صنعتی فضلہ میں کمی کے لئے رقم فراہم کرتی ہے۔

کمپنی نے صحت، تحفظ، ماحولیات اور تعلیم جیسے مضامین کی اہمیت کو سمجھتے ہوئے "Social Responsibility Squad" تشکیل دیا ہے۔ ملازمین کے درمیان شعور بیدار کرنے کے لئے "Social Responsibility Squad" نے کمپنی کے ماہرین کی مدد سے "World Health Day"، "Earth Day"، "World Environment Day"، "World Heart Day"، جیسی مختلف تقاریر کا انعقاد کیا جس میں اس شعبے کے ماہرین کو مدعو کیا گیا اور آگاہی مواد بھی تقسیم کیا گیا۔

کمپنی کا طبی دوا خانہ "Medical Assistant Clinic" ماہرین کے سینکڑوں مزدوروں کو مفت علاج اور ادویات فراہم کرتا ہے۔ جبکہ نہایت معمولی فیس (Fees) کے عوض افسران کو بھی علاج کی سہولت فراہم کی جاتی ہے۔

### ضابطہ برائے کاروباری نظم و نسق (CCG)

پاکستان اسٹاک ایکسچینج کے عام کردہ قوانین کے تحت نظامہ (Directors) نے ضابطہ برائے کاروباری (CCG) (CCG) کے ساتھ مطابقت رکھنے اور اس پر عمل کرنے کے لیے تمام ضروری اقدامات کو یقینی بنایا ہے۔

- (۱) کمپنی کی انتظامیہ کی جانب سے تیار کردہ مالیاتی گوشوارے برائے مدت جون ۲۰۱۷ء کمپنی کے معاملات، کاروباری سرگرمیاں اور ان کے نتائج، رقم کے بہاؤ اور حصص و منافع میں اتار چڑھاؤ کے متعلق شفاف اور مستند معلومات فراہم کرتے ہیں۔
- (۲) مالیات کے حوالے سے تمام اندراجات کا بخوبی ریکارڈ رکھا گیا ہے۔
- (۳) مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں حساب داری کے متعلق قواعد و ضوابط (پالیسی) کو تسلسل کے ساتھ استعمال کیا گیا ہے، اور تخمینوں کا اندازہ نہایت دانشمندی سے کیا گیا ہے۔

- (۴) بین الاقوامی حساب داری کے معیارات جن کا اطلاق پاکستان میں ہوتا ہے کی مکمل پیروی کی گئی ہے اور کسی صورت میں ہوئی روگردانی کو مناسب طور پر بتایا گیا ہے۔
- (۵) اندرونی کنٹرول کے نظام کو کنٹرول طور پر نافذ کیا گیا ہے جس کی مسلسل نگرانی کی جاتی ہے تمام مواصلات کا مسلسل جائزہ ہوتا ہے گا اور خامیوں کو دور کیا جائے گا۔
- (۶) کمپنی کے سٹاک چارجی و ساری رہنے کے حوالے سے کسی قسم کے کوئی شک و شبہات نہیں ہیں۔
- (۷) پاکستان اسٹاک ایکسچینج کے وضع کردہ قواعد کی روشنی میں کاروباری نظم و نسق کے ضابطے اور اس کے بہترین طریقہ کار میں کسی بھی طریقے کو ختم نہیں کیا جائے گا۔
- (۸) گزشتہ چھ سال کے اہم کاروباری اور مالیاتی اعداد و شمار منسلک ہیں۔
- (۹) ماسوائے معمول، بیکس محصول یا اس سے متعلقہ دیگر کسی مد میں کسی قسم کے واجبات یا تقابلیات واجب الادا نہیں ہیں۔
- (۱۰) کفالتی فنڈ کے جاری کردہ محاسب شدہ گوشوارے جون ۲۰۱۶، ۲۰۱۷ء کے تحت کفالتی فنڈ میں سرمایہ کی رقم 328.992 ملین روپے ہے۔
- (۱۱) سال کے دوران مجلس نظامہ کے آڈٹ کمیٹی کے چار اور HR&A کمیٹی کا ایک اجلاس منعقد ہوا، نظامہ ۱۱ ارکان کی حاضری مندرجہ ذیل رہی:۔

### مجلس نظامہ

جناب انس رحمان صاحب	۴
جناب عبدالرحمان یعقوب صاحب	۴
جناب چانچن آرسائن صاحب	۴
جناب خلیق الرحمان صاحب	۴
جناب نسیم حیدر صاحب	۴
جناب پرویز احمد صاحب	۴
جناب شیخ ظفر احمد صاحب	۴
جناب رحمان رحمان صاحب	۴
جناب شبیر احمد صاحب	۴

جناب فیصل شمس خان صاحب نے اپنے عہدے سے مئی ۲۰۱۶ء کو استعفیٰ دیا اور ان کی جگہ نسیم حیدر صاحب کی اگست ۲۰۱۶ء میں تقرری ہوئی۔

### آڈٹ کمیٹی:

جناب خلیق الرحمان صاحب	۴	جناب انس رحمان صاحب	۱
جناب نسیم حیدر صاحب	۴	جناب خلیق الرحمان صاحب	۱
جناب پرویز احمد صاحب	۴	جناب نسیم حیدر صاحب	۱
		جناب رحمان رحمان صاحب	۱

جناب نسیم حیدر صاحب نے سال کے دوران جناب رحمان رحمان صاحب کی جگہ HR & R Committe میں شمولیت اختیار کی۔

- (۱۲) بورڈ نے اپنے ڈائریکٹرز کے لئے سی بی جی کے تعارفی کورس کی ضروریات کو پورا کرنے کی ہدایت کی تھی، بورڈ ڈی ڈی ٹی پی کے کم سے کم آدھے نصف ہونے کی تصدیق ہر دفعہ مقرر کی گئی ہے جیسا کہ سی بی جی کی شیڈ ۵.۱۹ کے تحت مقرر کیا گیا ہے۔

کمپنی سیکریٹری نے سال کے دوران واقعی اجلاس منعقد کئے جس میں نظامہ کو کاروباری و تجارتی قواعد و ضوابط میں ہونے والی تبدیلیوں سے واقفیت اور آگاہی فراہم کی گئی۔

(۱۳) سال کے دوران کبھی سیکورٹی کوڈائزنگ کرنے کے بارے میں مطلع کیا تھا، اس طرح کی تمام ٹرانزیکشنز کو (Pattern of Shareholdings) حصص کاری کے طریقے میں ظاہر کیا گیا ہے۔

ضابطہ کاروباری نظم و نسق کی پیروی بشمول بہترین طریقے کی تعمیل کا بیان (Statement of Compliance) منسلک ہے۔

#### محاسب (Auditors)

آڈیٹ اور اے رحمان سرفراز رحیم اقبال رفیق، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس (M/s. Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq, Chartered Accountants) اپنی ذمہ داریوں سے عہدہ برہ ہوئے اور آپ دوبارہ سے تقرری کے اہل ہیں اور اپنی تقرری کے لئے پیش کش کر چکے ہیں۔ جبکہ منظم نے آڈٹ کمیٹی کی سفارش پر عمل کرتے ہوئے آڈیٹ اور اے آرٹس اینڈ ایکسچینج فورڈ روڈز، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس (EY Ford Rhodes, Chartered Accountants) کو مالی سال ۱۸-۲۰۱۷ کیلئے محاسب (External Auditor) کے طور پر تقرر کیلئے پیش کیا ہے۔

#### حصص کاری کا طریقہ عمل (Pattern of Shareholding)

کبھی آرڈیننس ۱۹۷۷ء ضابطہ کاروباری نظم و نسق (CCG) کے تحت درجہ کاروبار کے طور پر عمل کا گوشوارہ برائے مدت جون ۲۰۱۷ء اس رپورٹ کے ساتھ منسلک ہے۔

#### داخلی کنٹرول (Internal Controls)

آپ کی کمیٹی نے کاروبار کے منظم اور موثر عمل چیراہی کو یقینی بنانے کیلئے موثر پالیسیوں اور طریقہ کار کو وضع ہے، اس کے اثاثوں کا تحفظ، دھوکہ دہی اور غلطیوں کی روک تھام اور شناخت، مالیاتی ریکارڈ کا درست اور جامع مکمل ہونا، اور قابل اعتماد مالیاتی گوشواروں کی بروقت تیاری کو یقینی بنایا ہے۔

#### اتکھار تشکر (Acknowledgments)

نظم و نسق کی تمام ملازمین کی جانب سے کی گئی ان تمام کوششوں کے لئے تہدول سے مشکور ہیں اور امید کرتے ہیں کہ باہمی تعاون اور اعتماد کی فضا یونہی قائم رہے گی۔ اس کے ساتھ ساتھ انتظامیہ اپنے تمام صارفین، کاروباری شراکت دار سپلائرز اور بینکوں کے عملی تعاون کے لئے بھی ان سب کی مشکور ہے۔

ربحان رحمان صاحب  
چیف ایگزیکٹو ایگزیکٹو

خلیق الرحمان صاحب  
ڈائریکٹر

کراچی  
۲۶ ستمبر ۲۰۱۷ء

#### KEY OPERATING AND FINANCIAL DATA

Year Ended June 30,

##### ASSETS EMPLOYED

Property, plant and equipment  
Intangible assets  
Investments, Long term Advances and Deposits  
Current Assets

##### Total Assets Employed

##### FINANCED BY

Shareholders' Equity  
Long Term Liabilities  
Current Liabilities

##### Total Funds Invested

(Rs. in million)

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
8,262.15	6,749.86	5,775.61	5,210.87	4,547.77	4,705.28
2.97	-	5.14	10.28	15.43	20.69
7.71	6.39	5.73	5.36	5.31	5.27
10,465.65	8,752.71	6,918.26	7,414.04	6,904.32	5,459.26
<b>18,738.49</b>	<b>15,508.96</b>	<b>12,704.74</b>	<b>12,640.55</b>	<b>11,472.83</b>	<b>10,190.50</b>
13,008.82	11,687.23	8,932.63	7,060.03	5,664.70	4,721.22
437.14	434.15	383.25	472.09	606.25	795.83
3,793.52	2,306.93	2,308.21	4,027.76	4,121.21	3,592.79
<b>17,239.48</b>	<b>14,428.31</b>	<b>11,624.09</b>	<b>11,559.88</b>	<b>10,392.16</b>	<b>9,109.84</b>

(Rs. in thousand)

##### VALUE ADDITION & ITS DISTRIBUTION

Net Sales including sales tax

Bought in materials and services  
Distribution cost  
Administrative, financial and other charges  
Government (including WPPF, WWF & Income tax)  
Employees  
Retained in business  
Total Distribution

20,031,215	19,673,065	17,539,764	17,709,129	13,490,249	13,284,356
14,800,463	12,866,039	11,722,564	12,830,424	9,303,758	10,724,543
427,391	451,455	534,204	442,933	383,153	357,354
499,461	646,704	1,382,850	1,444,625	986,792	574,836
113,804	458,957	356,362	320,526	230,860	154,759
1,700,419	1,439,827	1,218,158	973,148	1,340,051	937,722
2,489,677	3,810,083	2,325,626	1,697,473	1,245,635	535,142
<b>20,031,215</b>	<b>19,673,065</b>	<b>17,539,764</b>	<b>17,709,129</b>	<b>13,490,249</b>	<b>13,284,356</b>

##### KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS

Gross profit  
Net profit/(loss) (after tax to sales)  
Debt equity ratio  
Current ratio  
Return on assets ratio  
Return on equity ratio  
Inventory turnover ratio - Times  
Fixed assets turnover ratio - Times  
Assets turnover ratio - Times

20.17%	28.35%	22.30%	18.90%	19.03%	14.30%
12.43%	19.38%	13.26%	9.59%	9.24%	4.03%
4.96	3.97	5.95	7.93	11.89	14.86
2.76	3.79	3.00	1.84	1.68	1.52
0.15	0.25	0.18	0.13	0.11	0.05
0.19	0.33	0.26	0.23	0.20	0.10
5.17	6.11	5.34	4.68	3.88	4.00
2.42	2.91	3.03	3.39	2.95	2.79
1.07	1.27	1.38	1.36	1.18	1.30

##### SHARES AND EARNINGS

Break-up Value without revaluation  
Break-up Value with revaluation  
Earning per Share from continued operation  
No. of Shares ('000)  
Dividend

34.52	31.02	23.71	18.74	15.03	12.53
38.50	33.88	26.57	21.60	17.90	15.40
6.61	10.11	6.17	4.50	3.31	1.42
376,801	376,801	376,801	376,801	376,801	376,801
1,168,083	1,055,489	453,026	302,150	302,150	524



**PATTERN OF HOLDINGS OF THE SHARES HELD BY THE  
SHAREHOLDERS AS AT JUNE 30, 2017**

No. of Shareholders		Shareholding			Total Shares held	
371	From	1	to	100	Share	13,193
210	From	101	to	500	Share	57,212
55	From	501	to	1,000	Share	44,818
54	From	1,001	to	5,000	Share	118,971
10	From	5,001	to	10,000	Share	81,263
4	From	10,001	to	15,000	Share	43,651
1	From	15,001	to	20,000	Share	15,100
2	From	20,001	to	25,000	Share	48,600
4	From	45,001	to	50,000	Share	196,900
2	From	90,001	to	95,000	Share	183,272
1	From	165,001	to	170,000	Share	165,700
1	From	220,000	to	225,000	Share	220,000
1	From	500,000	to	505,000	Share	500,000
1	From	660,000	to	665,000	Share	660,000
1	From	5,005,001	to	5,010,000	Share	5,008,235
1	From	5,650,001	to	5,655,000	Share	5,652,015
3	From	7,165,001	to	7,170,000	Share	21,495,693
1	From	7,535,001	to	7,540,000	Share	7,536,019
5	From	8,455,001	to	8,460,000	Share	42,282,060
1	From	8,620,001	to	8,625,000	Share	8,623,114
1	From	9,185,001	to	9,190,000	Share	9,186,965
1	From	10,505,001	to	10,510,000	Share	10,508,546
1	From	10,745,001	to	10,750,000	Share	10,746,332
1	From	12,705,001	to	12,710,000	Share	12,708,049
1	From	13,055,001	to	13,060,000	Share	13,057,542
1	From	15,235,001	to	15,240,000	Share	15,237,407
1	From	19,235,001	to	19,240,000	Share	19,237,685
1	From	20,175,001	to	20,180,000	Share	20,178,352
1	From	20,930,001	to	20,935,000	Share	20,931,149
1	From	21,240,001	to	21,245,000	Share	21,242,223
1	From	51,175,001	to	51,180,000	Share	51,176,107
1	From	79,640,001	to	79,645,000	Share	79,644,795
<b>741</b>						<b>376,800,968</b>

**PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING  
AS AT JUNE 30, 2017**

Categories of shareholders	Number of shareholders	Share held	Percentage
Directors, Chief Executive Officer and their Spouse	11	155,934,678	41.38
Associated Companies, undertaking and related parties	3	76,364,694	20.27
Mutual Fund	1	6	0.00
Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non-Banking Finance Institutions and others	2	4,065	0.00
Individuals	724	144,497,525	38.35
	<b>741</b>	<b>376,800,968</b>	<b>100.00</b>

**PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING  
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE)  
AS AT JUNE 30, 2017**

Shareholders' category	Number of shareholders	Number of shares held	
<b>Associated Companies, undertaking and related parties</b>	3	76,364,694	
<b>Mutual Funds</b>			
M/s. Investment Corporation of Pakistan	1	6	
<b>Directors and their spouse(s) and minor children</b>			
Mr. Jonathan R.Simon	Director/Chairman	1	-
Mr. Anas Rahman	Director/Vice Chairman	1	7,165,231
Mr. Rehan Rahman	Chief Executive	1	8,456,412
Mr. Khaleequr Rahman	Director	1	13,057,542
Mr. Shabbir Ahmed	Director	1	79,644,795
Mr. Perwez Ahmed	Director	1	21,242,223
Mr. Abdul Rehman Yaqub	Director	1	-
Mr. Nasim Hyder	Director	1	500
Mrs. Shahnaz Rahman	Spouse	1	8,456,412
Mrs. Saba Perwez	Spouse	1	10,746,332
Mrs. Sana Rehan	Spouse	1	7,165,231
<b>Executives</b>	Executive	3	38,202,643
<b>Public Sector Companies and Corporations</b>			-
<b>Bank, Development Finance Institutions, Non-Banking Finance Companies, Insurance Companies, Takeful, Modarabas and Pension Funds</b>	2	4,065	
<b>Shareholders holding 5% or more voting interest:</b>			
Mr. Shabbir Ahmed	1	79,644,795	
Mr. Sheikh Zafar Ahmed	1	19,237,685	
Mr. Perwez Ahmed	1	21,242,223	
Mr. Omair Rehman	1	21,811,149	
M/s.1888 Mills LLC (Foreign Company)	1	20,178,352	
M/s. Grangeford Ltd (Foreign Company)	1	51,176,107	

**Details of purchase, sale and gift of share by Directors their spouse and Substantial Shareholders during the year 2017**

Mr. Shabbir Ahmed	12,323,579	Purchase of Shares
Mr. Nasim Hyder	500	Purchase of Shares
Grangeford Limited	12,873,579	Sale of Shares
Mr. Shabbir Ahmed	13,188,034	Gift to Son and Daughter
Mr. Sheikh Zafar Ahmed	660,000	Gift to Son

**STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE  
GOVERNANCE  
FEROZE1888 MILLS LIMITED  
June 30, 2017**

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance contained in Regulations No. 5.19 of listing regulations of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

The company has applied the principles contained in the CCG in the following manner:

- The company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors and directors representing minority interests on its Board of Directors. At present the board includes:

Category	Name
Independent Director	Mr. Nasim Hyder
Executive Directors	Mr. Rehan Rahman
Non-Executive Directors	Mr. Khaleequr Rahman
	Mr. Shabbir Ahmed
	Mr. Jonathan R. Simon
	Mr. Abdul Rehman Yaqub
	Mr. Perwez Ahmed
	Mr. Anas Rahman

The independent directors meet the criteria of independence under clause 5.9.1 (b) of the Code of Corporate Governance.

- The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this company (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies where applicable).
- All the resident directors of the Company are registered as taxpayer and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFI or, being a Broker of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
- No casual vacancies occurred during the year.
- The company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- The board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO, other executive and non-executive directors, have been taken by the board/shareholders.

8. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose and the board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
9. The Company stands complied with the requirement of having at least half of the Board DTP certified at all times as prescribed under the clause 5.19.7 of the CCG.
10. The board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment.
11. The directors' report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the CCG and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
12. The financial statements of the company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the board.
13. The directors, CEO and Executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
14. The company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirement of the CCG.
15. The board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises three members, of whom two are non-executive directors and the Chairman of the Committee is an independent director.
16. The meeting of the audit committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the company and as required by the CCG. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.
17. The board has formed an HR and Remuneration Committee. It comprises three members, of whom two are non-executive directors and one is Independent Director. The chairman of the committee is a non-executive director.
18. The board has outsourced the internal audit function to Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder, Chartered Accountants who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedure of the Company.
19. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.

20. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
21. The 'closed period', prior to the announcement of interim/final result, and business decisions, which may materially affect the market price of company's securities, was determined and intimated to directors, employees and stock exchange.
22. Material/price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through stock exchange.
23. The Company has complied with the requirements relating to maintenance of register of persons having access to inside information by designated senior management officer in a timely manner and maintained proper record including basis for inclusion or exclusion of names of person from the said list.
24. We confirm that all other material principles enshrined in the CCG have complied with.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

**Khaleequr Rahman**  
Director

**Rehan Rahman**  
Chief Executive Officer

Karachi: September 26, 2017

## REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH BEST PRACTICES OF CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) prepared by the Board of Directors (the Board) of **Feroze1888 Mills Limited** (the Company) for the year ended **June 30, 2017** to comply with the requirements of Rule 5.19 of the Rule book of the Pakistan Stock Exchange where the Company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Code. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board's statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Code requires the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board for their review and approval, its related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Karachi:  
Date: September 26, 2017

**Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq**  
**Chartered Accountants**  
**Engagement partner: Muhammad Waseem**

## AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of **Feroze1888 Mills Limited** ("the Company") as at **June 30, 2017** and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- (a) in our opinion, proper books of accounts have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- (b) in our opinion:
  - (i) the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of accounts and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
  - (ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the company's business; and
  - (iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company;
- (c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2017 and of the profit, total comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- (d) in our opinion, zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980, was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

Karachi:  
Date: September 26, 2017

**Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq**  
**Chartered Accountants**  
**Engagement partner: Muhammad Waseem**

**BALANCE SHEET  
AS AT JUNE 30, 2017**

	Note	2017	2016
		------(Rupees in '000)-----	
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	4	8,262,151	6,749,864
Intangible assets	5	2,975	-
Long term investment	6	618	10
Long term deposits		7,093	6,387
		<u>8,272,837</u>	<u>6,756,261</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Stores and spares	7	498,033	567,422
Stock-in-trade	8	3,637,710	3,046,969
Trade debts - considered good	9	4,354,193	2,782,631
Advances, prepayments and other receivables	10	1,616,864	1,364,780
Taxation -net		265,920	-
Cash and bank balances	11	92,931	990,908
		<u>10,465,651</u>	<u>8,752,710</u>
		<u>18,738,488</u>	<u>15,508,971</u>
<b>SHARE CAPITAL &amp; RESERVES</b>			
Authorised share capital			
400,000,000 (2016: 400,000,000) ordinary shares			
of Rs. 10 each			
		<u>4,000,000</u>	<u>4,000,000</u>
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	12	3,768,009	3,768,009
Capital reserve		758,663	758,663
Accumulated profit		8,482,149	7,160,555
		<u>13,008,821</u>	<u>11,687,227</u>
Surplus on revaluation	13	1,499,008	1,080,662
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Long term finance - secured	14	437,142	434,150
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Trade and other payables	15	3,178,367	2,294,441
Short term borrowings	16	500,000	-
Accrued mark-up	17	5,142	1,682
Taxation - net		-	4,959
Current portion of long term finance	14	110,008	5,850
		<u>3,793,517</u>	<u>2,306,932</u>
<b>Contingencies and commitments</b>	18	<u>18,738,488</u>	<u>15,508,971</u>

The annexed notes from 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**Khaleequr Rahman**  
Director

**Rehan Rahman**  
Chief Executive

**Imran Tola**  
Chief Financial Officer

**PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017**

	Note	2017	2016
		------(Rupees in '000)-----	
Sales - net	19	20,023,227	19,664,897
Cost of sales	20	(15,985,135)	(14,101,297)
<b>Gross profit</b>		<u>4,038,092</u>	<u>5,563,600</u>
Administrative cost	21	(791,937)	(676,100)
Distribution cost	22	(506,941)	(506,983)
Other operating cost	23	(217,483)	(266,807)
		<u>(1,516,361)</u>	<u>(1,449,890)</u>
<b>Operating profit</b>		<u>2,521,731</u>	<u>4,113,710</u>
Finance cost	24	(72,031)	(81,659)
<b>Profit before taxation</b>		<u>2,449,700</u>	<u>4,032,051</u>
Taxation	25	39,977	(221,968)
<b>Profit after taxation</b>		<u>2,489,677</u>	<u>3,810,083</u>
<b>Earnings per share</b>			
		----- (Rupees) -----	
- Basic and diluted	26	<u>6.61</u>	<u>10.11</u>

The annexed notes from 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**Khaleequr Rahman**  
Director

**Rehan Rahman**  
Chief Executive

**Imran Tola**  
Chief Financial Officer



**STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017**

	2017	2016
	------(Rupees in '000)-----	
Profit for the year	<b>2,489,677</b>	3,810,083
Other comprehensive income for the year	—	—
Total comprehensive income for the year	<b><u>2,489,677</u></b>	<b><u>3,810,083</u></b>

The annexed notes from 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**Khaleequr Rahman**  
Director

**Rehan Rahman**  
Chief Executive

**Imran Tola**  
Chief Financial Officer

**CASH FLOW STATEMENT  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017**

	Note	2017	2016
		------(Rupees in '000)-----	
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Profit before taxation		<b>2,449,700</b>	4,032,051
<b>Adjustments for non cash charges and other items:</b>			
Depreciation		<b>547,927</b>	435,950
Amortization		<b>25,746</b>	37,445
Finance cost		<b>72,031</b>	81,659
Workers' fund		<b>145,835</b>	228,960
Loss / (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment		<b>54,688</b>	(1,942)
<b>Operating profit before working capital changes</b>		<b>846,227</b>	782,072
<b>Changes in working Capital</b>	29	<b>3,295,927</b>	4,814,123
Cash generated from operating activities		<b><u>(1,393,923)</u></b>	<b><u>(1,129,957)</u></b>
Finance cost paid		<b>1,902,004</b>	3,684,166
Workers' fund paid		<b>(68,571)</b>	(94,552)
Income tax paid		<b>(213,100)</b>	(133,954)
<b>Net cash generated from operating activities</b>		<b>(230,902)</b>	(217,009)
<b>Net cash generated from operating activities</b>		<b>1,389,431</b>	3,238,651
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Capital expenditure		<b>(1,762,999)</b>	(1,463,373)
Proceeds from sale of operating fixed assets		<b>37,721</b>	22,811
Long term investments		<b>(608)</b>	—
Long term deposits placed during the period		<b>(706)</b>	(667)
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>		<b>(1,726,592)</b>	(1,441,229)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Dividend paid		<b>(1,167,966)</b>	(1,055,161)
Long term finance obtained		<b>110,000</b>	440,000
Repayment of long term finance		<b>(2,850)</b>	(479,262)
<b>Net cash used in financing activities</b>		<b>(1,060,816)</b>	(1,094,423)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		<b>(1,397,977)</b>	702,999
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		<b>990,908</b>	287,909
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	30	<b><u>(407,069)</u></b>	<b><u>990,908</u></b>

The annexed notes from 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**Khaleequr Rahman**  
Director

**Rehan Rahman**  
Chief Executive

**Imran Tola**  
Chief Financial Officer

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017**

	Share capital	Capital reserve	Accumulated profit	Total
	<b>(Rupees in '000)</b>			
<b>Balance as at July 01, 2015</b>	3,768,009	758,663	4,405,961	8,932,633
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year ended June 30, 2016</b>	-	-	3,810,083	3,810,083
<b>Transactions with owners</b>				
<b>Final cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2015</b>				
- Final @ 25% (Rs. 2.50 per share) for all shareholders except directors, their relatives and associates.	-	-	(656)	(656)
- Final @ 8% (Rs. 0.80 per share) to directors, their relatives and associates.	-	-	(301,230)	(301,230)
<b>Interim cash dividend</b>				
- Interim @ 15% (Rs. 1.50 per share) for all shareholders	-	-	(565,202)	(565,202)
- Interim @ 5% (Rs. 0.50 per share) for all shareholders	-	-	(188,401)	(188,401)
	-	-	(1,055,489)	(1,055,489)
<b>Balance as at June 30, 2016</b>	3,768,009	758,663	7,160,555	11,687,227
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year ended June 30, 2017</b>	-	-	2,489,677	2,489,677
<b>Transactions with owners</b>				
<b>Final cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2016</b>				
- Final @ 21% (Rs. 2.10 per share) for all shareholders	-	-	(791,282)	(791,282)
<b>Interim cash dividend</b>				
- Interim @ 10% (Rs. 1.00 per share) for all shareholders	-	-	(376,801)	(376,801)
	-	-	(1,168,083)	(1,168,083)
<b>Balance as at June 30, 2017</b>	3,768,009	758,663	8,482,149	13,008,821

The annexed notes from 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**Khaleequr Rahman**  
Director

**Rehan Rahman**  
Chief Executive

**Imran Tola**  
Chief Financial Officer

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017**

**1. THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS**

- 1.1 The Company was incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited company. The shares of the Company are quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange (formerly Karachi Stock Exchange). The Company is principally engaged in production and export of towels. The registered office of the Company is situated at H-23/4-A, Scheme # 3, Landhi Industrial Area, Karachi.

**2 BASIS OF PREPARATION**

**2.1 Statement of compliance**

During the year, the Companies Act 2017 (the Act) has been promulgated, however, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide circular no. 17 Of 2017 dated July 20, 2017 communicated Commission's decision that the companies whose financial year closes on or before June 30, 2017 shall prepare their financial statements in accordance with the provisions of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. Accordingly, these financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) as are notified under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

**2.2 Basis of measurement**

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for land which is carried at revalued amount and certain exchange elements that have been incorporated in the cost of the relevant assets.

**2.3 Functional and presentation currency**

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

**2.4 Use of estimates and judgments**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires the management to make the judgment, estimates, assumptions and use judgments that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

Estimates, assumptions and judgments are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgments and estimates made by management that may have a significant risk of material adjustments to the financial statements in subsequent years are as follows:

	Note
a) Useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment	3.1
b) Provision for obsolete / slow moving stores and spares	3.3
c) Provision for obsolete / slow moving stock-in-trade	3.4
d) Estimation for impairment in respect of trade debts	3.5
e) Taxation	3.6
f) Staff retirement benefits	3.11

## 2.5 Initial application of new standards and amendments to approved accounting standards

### 2.5.1 Amendments to approved accounting standards effective during the year ended June 30, 2017:

There were certain new amendments to the approved accounting standards which became effective during the year ended June 30, 2017 but are considered not to be relevant or have any significant effect on the Company's financial reporting and are, therefore, not disclosed in these financial statements.

### 2.5.2 Standards and amendments to approved accounting standards that are effective for the Company's accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2017:

There are certain new standards and amendments to the approved accounting standards that will become effective for the Company's annual accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2017. However, these amendments will not have a significant impact on the financial reporting of the Company and, therefore, have not been disclosed in these financial statements. Further, the new standards are yet to be adopted by the SECP. In addition to the foregoing, the Companies Act, 2017 which is not effective on these financial statements, has added certain disclosure requirements which will be applicable in future.

## 3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 3.1 Property, plant and equipment

#### 3.1.1 Owned

These are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any, except for land that are shown at revalued amounts. Depreciation is charged to profit and loss account applying the reducing balance method whereby the cost of an asset is written off over its useful life at the rates specified in note 4.1 to the financial statements except for lease hold improvement which are depreciated on straight line basis over the period of 3 to 5 years. Depreciation on additions is charged when the asset is available for use until asset is disposed off.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the carrying amount is greater than the recoverable amount.

Where major components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the profit and loss account during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Disposal of asset is recognised when significant risk and rewards incidental to ownership have been transferred to buyers. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are taken to the profit and loss account.

Depreciation method, useful lives and residual values are reviewed annually and adjusted, if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

Repairs and maintenance are charged to profit and loss as and when incurred.

### 3.1.2 Capital work in progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less impairment, if any. It consists of expenditure incurred and advances made in respect of tangible and intangible assets in the course of their construction and installation. Transfers are made to relevant operating fixed assets category as and when assets are available for use.

### 3.2 Intangible assets

Computer software is capitalized on the basis of cost incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Amortization is charged to the profit and loss account using the 'straight line' method over a period of 5 year. Amortization is charged from the date of purchase of the intangible asset until intangible asset is disposed off. Intangible asset is derecognized on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use. Any resulting gain or loss on derecognition are recognized in profit and loss account. The estimated useful life and the amortization methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

### 3.3 Stores and spares

Stores and spares, excluding items in transit, are valued at lower of moving average cost and net realisable value. Provision is made for slow moving and obsolete items, based on management's best estimate regarding their future usability.

Items in transit are valued at cost comprising invoice values plus other charges incurred thereon accumulated to the reporting date.

Net realisable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

### 3.4 Stock-in-trade

Raw materials and finished goods are valued at lower of average cost and net realizable value.

Work-in-process is valued at average cost of raw-materials including a proportionate of manufacturing overheads. By products and waste products are valued at net realisable value.

Cost of finished goods includes cost of direct materials, labour and appropriate portion of manufacturing overheads.

Net realisable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to be incurred to make the sale.

Provisions are made in the financial statements for obsolete and slow moving stock-in-trade based on management's best estimate regarding their future usability.

### 3.5 Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are carried at original invoice amount / cost, which is the fair value of the consideration to be received, less an estimate made for doubtful debts which is determined based on management review of outstanding amounts and previous repayment pattern. Balances considered bad and irrevocable are written off.

### 3.6 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

#### 3.6.1 Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any. The charge for the current tax also includes adjustments where necessary, relating to prior years which arise from assessments framed / finalized during the year.

The Company's income is chargeable to tax under final tax regime prescribed under the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

#### 3.6.2 Deferred

Deferred tax is provided by using the balance sheet liability method for all temporary differences arising at the balance sheet date subject to certain exceptions between tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts. Presently the Company is being assessed under section 148 and 153 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, therefore, the Company does not account for deferred tax.

### 3.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the cash flow statement includes cash in hand, balance with banks, and bank overdrafts / short term borrowings. Bank overdrafts are shown within short term borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

### 3.8 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and recognised at their face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

### 3.9 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortized cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the profit and loss account over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

### 3.10 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are obligations to pay for goods and services that have been acquired in ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current if payment is due within one year or less (or in normal operating cycle of business, if longer), if not, they are classified as non current liabilities. Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at amortised cost.

### 3.11 Staff retirement benefits

#### 3.11.1 Defined contribution plans

The Company operates an approved defined contribution provident fund for its eligible employees. Monthly contributions are made both by the Company and employees to the fund at the rate of 10% of basic salary.

#### 3.11.2 Employees' compensation absences

The Company accounts for the liability in respect of employees' compensated absences in the year in which these are earned.

### 3.12 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

### 3.13 Revenue recognition

Revenue arising from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following criteria have been satisfied:

- the Company has transferred to the customer the significant risks and rewards of ownership;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company and;
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

### 3.14 Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred except where such costs are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset in which case such costs are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset. Borrowing cost includes exchange differences arising on foreign currency borrowings to the extent these are regarded as an adjustment to borrowing cost.

### 3.15 Foreign currency transactions and translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the profit and loss account.

### 3.16 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at fair value or amortized cost when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual right to the cash flow from the financial assets expire or is transferred. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires. Financial instruments carried on the balance sheet include trade debts and other receivables, loans, cash and bank balances, short term finance and trade and other payables excluding sales tax payable, Workers' Profit Participation Fund, Workers' Welfare Fund and special excise duty. The particular recognition methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

#### 3.16.1 Financial Assets

##### - Classification :

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss, held to maturity, loans and receivables, and available-for-sale. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

*The Company classifies its investments in the following categories:*

##### a) Available for sale

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. These are primarily those investments that are intended to be held for an undefined period of time or may be sold in response to the need for liquidity. They are included in non-current assets unless the investment matures or management intends to dispose off it within 12 months of the end of the reporting date.

##### b) Fair value through profit and loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short-term. Derivatives are also categorized as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

### c) Held to maturity

Investments with a fixed maturity where the Company has the intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held to maturity investments. Held-to-maturity investments are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses.

### d) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the end of the reporting period which are classified as non-current assets. The Company's loans and receivables comprise 'trade debts', 'short term loans' and other receivables' in the balance sheet.

### - Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade date – the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in the profit and loss account. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the profit and loss account within income / expenses in the period in which they arise.

Changes in fair value of monetary and non-monetary securities classified as available-for-sale are recognized in other comprehensive income. When securities classified as available-for-sale are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognized in equity are included in the profit and loss account as 'gains and losses from investment securities'.

Interest on available-for-sale investment calculated using the effective interest method is recognized in the profit and loss account as part of other income.

### 3.16.2 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognised at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired.

### 3.17 Impairment of Assets

#### Financial assets

A financial asset is assessed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset.



In case of investment classified as available for sale and measured at fair value, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered in determining whether the assets are impaired. If any such evidence exists, the cumulative loss measured as a difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognized is transferred from equity and recognized in the profit and loss account. Such impairment losses are not subsequently reversed through the profit and loss account.

Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics. All impairment losses are recognized in profit and loss account.

#### Non - financial assets

The carrying amount of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Impairment losses are recognized in profit and loss account.

#### 3.18 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet, if the Company has a legally enforceable right to setoff the recognized amounts and the Company intends to settle either on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 3.19 Transactions with related parties

All transactions involving related parties arising in the normal course of business are conducted at normal commercial rates except in extremely rare circumstances where, subject to the approval of the Board of Directors, it is in the interest of the Company to do so.

#### 3.20 Earnings per share

The company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary share holders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

#### 3.21 Dividend and appropriation to reserves

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders and appropriation to reserves are recognized as a liability in the financial statements in the period in which these are approved. Transfer between reserves made subsequent to the balance sheet date is considered as a non adjusting event and is recognized in the financial statements in the period in which such transfers are made.

	Note	2017	2016
		----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
<b>4 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT</b>			
Operating fixed assets	4.1	7,318,053	5,837,009
Capital work-in-progress	4.5	849,492	854,663
Lease hold improvements		94,606	58,192
		<b>8,262,151</b>	<b>6,749,864</b>

	Lease hold land	Free hold land	Building on leasehold land	Building on Freehold Land	Plant & Machinery	Electric fittings / Equipments	Office Equipment	Computers	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicles	Arms and Ammunitions	Sub Total
<b>As at July 01, 2015</b>												
Cost	1,090,043	308,038	739,635	148,250	5,901,617	223,533	48,678	82,068	38,314	226,146	42	8,805,497
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	(403,500)	(82,239)	(2,782,375)	(114,688)	(17,612)	(66,005)	(23,810)	(110,689)	(3)	(3,590,995)
Net book value	<b>1,090,043</b>	<b>308,038</b>	<b>336,135</b>	<b>66,011</b>	<b>3,119,242</b>	<b>108,845</b>	<b>32,066</b>	<b>26,063</b>	<b>15,504</b>	<b>115,457</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>5,214,502</b>
<b>Year ended June 30, 2016</b>												
Opening net book value	1,090,043	308,038	336,135	66,011	3,119,242	108,845	32,066	26,063	15,504	115,457	9	5,214,502
Additions / transfers during the year	-	-	-	-	688,761	28,486	23,830	13,906	4,257	76,642	-	1,075,308
Transfer to intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	(1,715)	-	(1,715)	-	-	-	(75)
Reclassification	-	-	-	-	58,748	(1,807)	4,630	(1,343)	-	(60,228)	-	-
Surplus on Revaluation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Deposits / transfers</b>												
Cost	-	-	-	-	(47,887)	-	(80)	-	-	(35,386)	-	(83,023)
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	-	38,423	-	38	-	-	23,883	-	62,133
Net book value	-	-	-	-	(9,462)	-	(42)	-	-	(11,897)	-	(20,670)
Transfer to intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54	-	-	-	54
Reclassification	-	-	-	-	(42,024)	939	(2,868)	1,259	-	43,384	-	-
Depreciation for the year	-	-	(38,417)	(6,601)	(333,334)	(10,772)	(6,060)	(8,953)	(1,617)	(20,092)	(1)	(435,950)
Closing net book value	<b>1,090,043</b>	<b>308,038</b>	<b>297,718</b>	<b>59,410</b>	<b>3,491,731</b>	<b>125,691</b>	<b>51,492</b>	<b>29,913</b>	<b>15,144</b>	<b>134,468</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>5,837,009</b>
<b>As at June 30, 2016</b>												
Cost	1,090,043	308,038	969,993	148,250	6,611,739	250,212	76,088	94,556	43,571	207,174	43	9,801,707
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	(441,923)	(88,840)	(3,120,009)	(124,521)	(25,598)	(64,643)	(25,427)	(72,708)	(34)	(3,964,698)
Net book value	<b>1,090,043</b>	<b>308,038</b>	<b>528,070</b>	<b>59,410</b>	<b>3,491,731</b>	<b>125,691</b>	<b>51,492</b>	<b>29,913</b>	<b>18,144</b>	<b>134,468</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>5,837,009</b>
<b>Year ended June 30, 2017</b>												
Opening net book value	1,090,043	308,038	528,070	59,410	3,491,731	125,691	51,492	29,913	18,144	134,468	9	5,837,009
Additions / transfers during the year	24,747	-	432,167	-	1,147,630	14,997	13,369	23,258	6,692	63,034	-	1,725,893
Transfer to intangible assets	-	-	-	-	(406)	(803)	(1,926)	-	-	-	-	(3,135)
Reclassification	-	-	-	-	3,513	(3,878)	368	-	-	-	(3)	-
Surplus on Revaluation	284,575	133,770	-	-	(13,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	416,345
Adjustment	-	-	(1,213)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(14,213)
<b>Deposits / transfers</b>												
Cost	-	-	-	-	(341,089)	(25,560)	(7,105)	(5,934)	(7,317)	(20,424)	-	(407,348)
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	-	255,855	20,774	5,490	5,782	(2,072)	13,793	-	306,939
Net book value	-	-	-	-	(85,133)	(4,786)	(1,615)	(192)	(2,072)	(6,631)	-	(100,409)
Transfer to intangible assets	-	-	-	-	99	-	494	1,898	-	-	-	2,490
Reclassification	-	-	-	-	-	33	(219)	(1)	(30)	177	3	-
Depreciation for the year	-	-	(68,020)	(5,941)	(404,579)	(13,170)	(6,447)	(12,875)	(1,952)	(32,933)	(1)	(547,923)
Closing net book value	<b>1,399,365</b>	<b>441,808</b>	<b>891,004</b>	<b>53,469</b>	<b>4,139,673</b>	<b>118,886</b>	<b>54,639</b>	<b>40,115</b>	<b>20,772</b>	<b>158,114</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>7,318,053</b>
<b>As at June 30, 2017</b>												
Cost	1,399,365	441,808	1,400,947	148,250	7,498,468	235,771	63,917	109,954	42,946	249,763	40	11,521,249
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	(503,943)	(94,781)	(3,288,959)	(116,885)	(22,276)	(63,839)	(22,174)	(91,869)	(32)	(4,203,195)
Net book value	<b>1,399,365</b>	<b>441,808</b>	<b>891,004</b>	<b>53,469</b>	<b>4,139,673</b>	<b>118,886</b>	<b>54,639</b>	<b>40,115</b>	<b>20,772</b>	<b>158,114</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>7,318,053</b>
Annual rates of depreciation	0%	0%	10%	10%	10%	10%	15%	30%	10%	20%	15%	

4.1 Operating fixed assets

2017 2016

------(Rupees in '000)-----

#### 4.2 Depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as under:-

Cost of sales	503,910	404,623
Administrative cost	44,017	31,327
	<u>547,927</u>	<u>435,950</u>

#### 4.3 Details of disposal of property, plant and equipment having book value of more than Rs. 50,000 during the year are as follows:

Particulars	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Book Value	Sale Proceeds	Loss / (gain)	Mode of Disposal	Parties
<b>Plant and Machinery :-</b>							
Gas Generator Waukesha 625Kva Model L-36 QLD, With Radiator	1,011	796	215	1,100	(885)	Negotiation	Swam Power
Gas Generator Waukesha 670KVA, 383V	8,789	6,415	2,374	1,100	1,274	Negotiation	Swam Power
Diesel Generator Hino W 040D 50 KVA	482	369	113	100	13	Negotiation	Ragab Ali
Diesel Generator Caterpillar G-3512 1400KVA	7,965	5,479	2,486	1,500	986	Negotiation	International Power Services
Shearing Machine	215	116	99	400	(301)	Negotiation	Mr. Hyder Zaman
Gas Generator Kohler 125RZG 130Kva	1,965	1,379	586	160	426	Negotiation	Muhammad Iqbal Butt
Gas Generator Waukesha Engine 635 KW	24,732	19,594	5,138	925	4,213	Negotiation	International Power Services
Uni Gas Apob VR-555-B Gas Compressor	5,223	4,219	1,004	200	804	Negotiation	Mr. Kashif Waheed
Fork Lifter # 5 Caterpillar 10 Ton Diesel	850	791	59	480	(421)	Negotiation	Mr. Kashif Waheed
Plastic Dana Cutter Machine	125	41	84	200	(116)	Negotiation	Mr. Asad Bacha
Poly Recycling Extruder Machine (Mother Baby)	775	390	385	200	185	Negotiation	Mr. Asad Bacha
Spinning Machine Hub - Multiple Assets	3,005	2,946	659	108	551	Negotiation	Mr. Muhammad Saleem
Fabric Printing Machine with Dryer	2,506	2,131	375	199	176	Negotiation	Muhammad Akeem Khan
Tricky	735	632	103	20	83	Negotiation	Kashif Waheed
Tricky	650	556	94	17	77	Negotiation	Kashif Waheed
Suber TPS-600 Dobby Looms	60,259	50,883	9,576	12,000	(2,424)	Negotiation	M/s. Umer Industry
Fork Lifter # 3 TCM 02 Ton Diesel (LCR26197)	975	871	104	475	(371)	Negotiation	Muhammad Akeem Khan
Steamer Xorella	2,764	2,174	590	550	40	Negotiation	Mr. Kashif Waheed
Gas Generator Cat G3516 C # 4 1600KW	46,516	22,378	24,138	12,000	12,138	Negotiation	Brilliant Automation Solutions
Old Stitching machines	8,910	7,454	1,456	500	956	Negotiation	Mr. Javed
Multi Drum Dust & Waste Removal System JSOT	2,052	1,173	889	185	704	Negotiation	Ashraf Ali
Borden Lock Stitch Hemming Machine	2,943	2,275	668	116	552	Negotiation	Mr. Kashif Waheed
Soft Winding Machine Schaner SSM 41 - 24 Spindles	2,915	2,665	250	254	(6)	Negotiation	Mr. Muneed Abbas
Sub-Total	186,972	135,527	51,445	32,789	18,656		
<b>Motor Vehicles :-</b>							
Honda City Regt. AUH-464	1,359	943	416	800	(364)	Negotiation	Mr. Sheraz Bostan S/o. Muhammad Bostan
Suzuki Mehran VXR Regt. BFB-463	753	63	690	753	(63)	Insurance Claim	EFU General Insurance Ltd
Toyota Coaster Regt. CR-6644	1,726	1,506	218	1,400	(1,182)	Negotiation	Mr. Danis Khan S/o. Mr. Rustam Khan
Shehroz Pickup Regt. KH-6269	706	647	59	525	(466)	Negotiation	Mr. Aas Muhammad S/o. Abdul Hafeez
Suzuki Mehran VXR 796CC BFB-480	753	74	679	753	(74)	Insurance Claim	EFU General Insurance Ltd
Suzuki Mehran AVM-542	569	394	175	305	(130)	Negotiation	Mr. Muhammad Saleem S/o. Muhammad Manzoor
Suzuki Mehran AVG-421	569	400	169	300	(131)	Negotiation	Mr. Khubab Ahmed Qureshi S/o. Ishtiaq Ahmed Qureshi
Toyota Haco CT-1988 Dual	2,980	2,266	694	1,267	(573)	Negotiation	Mr. Sher Muhammad Khan S/o. Umer Uddin
Suzuki Mehran A3H-249	497	401	96	245	(149)	Negotiation	Mr. Usmanullah
Suzuki Balan CT-4888	635	470	165	287	(122)	Negotiation	Mr. Yaseen Majed ur Rahman
Suzuki Mehran AQH-4036	361	318	43	227	(164)	Negotiation	Mr. Muhammad Shaif
Honda Civic ARC-446	1,765	1,498	267	811	(544)	Negotiation	Mian Sajid Islam
Suzuki Mehran Reg. # AYD-181	607	378	229	310	(81)	Negotiation	Mr. Khalid Ubaid Qureshi S/o. Liaquat Ubaid Qureshi
Suzuki Mehran AUG-054	524	395	129	245	(116)	Negotiation	Sheikh Rowan Ahmed
Suzuki Mehran AVM-416	649	399	250	303	(53)	Negotiation	Muhammad Anas Khan S/o. Asif Javed
Suzuki Ravi Pickup KS-5982	655	392	263	300	(37)	Negotiation	M/s. White Wall Corrugators
Honda City AUH-431	1,299	985	314	725	(411)	Negotiation	Mrs. Shamm Zikria W/o. Mr. Zikria
Suzuki Mehran VXR E2 with Reg # BDH-416	720	230	490	700	(210)	Insurance Claim	EFU General Insurance Limited
Suzuki Mehran VXR CHG 796 cc Regt. BFB-670	753	145	608	753	(145)	Insurance Claim	EFU General Insurance Limited
Toyota Corolla QJ AWR-567	1,529	1,110	419	675	(456)	Negotiation	Khawar Ahmed Khan
Suzuki Mehran AVM-107	649	409	240	329	(89)	Negotiation	M/s. Modular
Sub-Total	20,078	13,445	6,633	12,213	(5,580)		
<b>Write off property plant and equipments</b>							
Write off property plant and equipments	199,038	156,787	42,251	-	42,251		
Sub-Total	199,038	156,787	42,251	-	42,251		
Grand Total-2017	406,088	305,759	100,329	45,002	55,327		
Grand Total-2016	62,341	61,523	20,818	22,726	(1,908)		

#### 4.4 Had there been no revaluation the related figures of land would have been at Rs.342.17 million as at June 30, 2017 ( 2016: 314.35 million)

Note 2017 2016  
------(Rupees in '000)-----

#### 4.5 Capital work-in-progress

Opening as at July 1	578,191	511,856
Additions during the year		
- Machines under installation	983,648	577,927
- Building under construction	523,218	431,923
- Others	54,270	28,814
	<u>1,561,136</u>	<u>1,038,664</u>
Transferred to operating fixed assets	(1,518,458)	(881,162)
Transferred to leasehold improvements	(61,692)	(64,944)
Transferred/adjustment to expense	(7,382)	(26,223)
	<u>(1,587,532)</u>	<u>(972,329)</u>
	551,795	578,191
Advances - CWIP	297,697	276,472
Closing Balance	<u>849,492</u>	<u>854,663</u>

#### 5 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

##### Software - Cost

Opening as at July 1	30,329	30,308
Additions during the year	-	-
Transferred from operating fixed assets during the year	2,930	21
Closing balance	<u>33,259</u>	<u>30,329</u>

##### Accumulated amortization

Opening as at July 1	(30,329)	(25,167)
Charge for the year	(2,754)	(5,162)
Closing balance	<u>(33,083)</u>	<u>(30,329)</u>

##### CWIP

Net book value as at June 30	<u>2,799</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>2,975</u>	<u>-</u>

#### 6 LONG TERM INVESTMENT

Long term investment	6.1	618	10
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#### 6.1 This includes investment of Rs. 607,800 (60,780 ordinary shares of Rs. 10) in Xublimity (Private) Limited (the Subsidiary Company) which intends to carry business of IT related services. The subsidiary was incorporated on April 20, 2017 and has not commenced its business operations.

The book value per share is Rs. 8.19/- each based on the latest available unaudited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017. Currently, the subsidiary Company is in start up phase and financially supported by the Company to activate its full potential in order to make adequate profits and generate positive cash flows. Accordingly, no impairment in value of investment is recognised as of the balance sheet date.

	Note	2017	2016
		----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
<b>7 STORES AND SPARES</b>			
General stores		184,095	262,966
Chemicals		205,684	225,807
Packing stores		132,182	102,577
		<u>521,961</u>	<u>591,350</u>
Less: Provision for slow moving		(23,928)	(23,928)
		<u>498,033</u>	<u>567,422</u>
<b>8 STOCK-IN-TRADE</b>			
Raw material		1,543,479	1,530,681
Work-in-process		1,574,768	971,073
Finished goods		519,463	545,215
		<u>3,637,710</u>	<u>3,046,969</u>
<b>9 TRADE DEBTS - CONSIDERED GOOD</b>			
Export		4,342,906	2,780,657
Local		11,287	1,974
		<u>4,354,193</u>	<u>2,782,631</u>
<b>10 ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES</b>			
<b>Advances - considered good</b>			
- Suppliers	10.1	203,272	253,164
- Employees		544	570
		<u>203,816</u>	<u>253,734</u>
Short term prepayments		9,648	7,528
Sales tax refundable		292,521	533,683
Export rebate		303,213	407,881
Duty drawback		70,982	70,982
Special excise duty		5,737	5,737
Research and development support		3,070	3,070
Security deposit	10.2	42,231	25,897
Markup receivable		3,143	2,061
Reimbursement due from Government	10.3	83,666	50,384
DLTL Receivable	10.4	583,139	-
Others		15,698	3,823
		<u>1,616,864</u>	<u>1,364,780</u>
10.1	Advance to suppliers includes an amount of Rs. 0.144 million (2016: Rs. 6.5 million ) paid to a related party.		
10.2	Security deposit includes an amount of Rs. 26.59 million (2016: Rs. 25.90 million) paid to a related party.		

10.3 This represents the amount recognized during the year against Duties, levies and taxes as per notification (No.1(41)TID/14-RDA) issued by the government of Pakistan Ministry Of Textile Industry on January 23, 2017. Company submitted its claim for reimbursement during the current year based on cost incurred on textile machines imported for upgradation.

10.4 This represents the amount recognised during the year against Duties, levies and taxes as per notification (No.1(41)TID/14-RDA) issued by the government of Pakistan Ministry Of Textile Industry on January 23, 2017. Company submitted its claim for reimbursement during the year based on dispatches made from January 16, 2017 to June 30, 2017 at the rate of 6%.

	Note	2017	2016				
		----- (Rupees in '000) -----					
11	CASH AND BANK BALANCES						
	Cash in hand	2,393	6,603				
	Cash at bank - current accounts	90,538	984,305				
		92,931	990,908				
12	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL						
	2017	2017	2016				
	(Number of Shares)	(Rupees in '000')					
	116,728,612	1,167,286	1,167,286				
	859,020	8,590	8,590				
	259,213,336	2,592,133	2,592,133				
		Ordinary shares fully paid in cash issued against consideration other than cash					
	376,800,968	3,768,009	3,768,009				
13	SURPLUS ON REVALUATION						
	The Company performed revaluation by independent valuer M/s. Joseph Lobo (Private) Limited (an approved valuer from Pakistan Bank's Association) reports dated May 22, 2017 on the basis of present market value. Previously the revaluation was performed by M/s. Joseph Lobo (Private) Limited on July 15, 2011. This represents surplus on revaluation on land only.						
14	LONG TERM FINANCE - SECURED						
	Long term finances	14.1	547,150	440,000			
	Current portion shown under current liabilities		(110,008)	(5,850)			
			437,142	434,150			
14.1	Long term finance from bank						
	Bank	Note	Nature	Term	Acquisition Date		
	Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	14.2	Term loan	8 half yearly	December 28,2015	19,945	22,795
		14.2	Term loan	8 half yearly	January 5, 2016	24,000	24,000
		14.2	Term loan	8 half yearly	April 21, 2016	52,700	52,700
		14.2	Term loan	10 half yearly	June 12, 2017	110,000	-
	Faysal Bank Limited	14.2	Term loan	16 Quarterly	May 2, 2016	49,650	49,650
		14.2	Term loan	16 Quarterly	April 28, 2016	21,000	21,000
		14.2	Term loan	16 Quarterly	May 6, 2016	44,900	44,900
		14.2	Term loan	16 Quarterly	May 25, 2016	38,000	38,000
		14.2	Term loan	16 Quarterly	June 6, 2016	65,400	65,400
		14.2	Term loan	16 Quarterly	June 20, 2016	121,555	121,555
						547,150	440,000
						(110,008)	(5,850)
						437,142	434,150
	Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities						

- 14.2 These loans have been obtained in acquiring imported and local textile machinery. The rate of markup is 2.5% to 3% (2016: 3%). These are secured against specific charge on the fixed assets and equitable mortgage over immovable properties.

	Note	2017	2016
		----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
<b>15 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES</b>			
Creditors	15.1	2,669,633	1,802,301
Accrued expenses		253,244	191,679
Workers' profits participation fund		129,775	213,043
Workers' welfare fund	15.2	59,919	43,916
Advance from customers		29,092	19,005
Payable to provident fund		13,619	11,019
Unclaimed dividend		1,079	962
Others		22,006	12,516
		<u>3,178,367</u>	<u>2,294,441</u>

- 15.1 This include an amount of Rs. 149.58 million (2016: Rs. 46.55 million) payable to related parties.

**15.2 Workers' profits participation fund (WPPF)**

Opening balance	213,043	133,769
Interest on WPPF	41	140
Contribution for the year	129,775	213,043
	<u>342,859</u>	<u>346,952</u>
Less: Payment during the year	(213,084)	(133,909)
Closing balance	<u>129,775</u>	<u>213,043</u>

**16 SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS**

From banking Companies		
Finacne against import / export	16.1	500,000
		<u>-</u>

- 16.1 These facilities are subject to markup at the rate from SBP plus 0.5% (2016: Nil) per annum. These arrangements are secured against first pari passu charge over stock in trade, receivbale and other current assets of the company.

**17 ACCRUED MARK-UP**

Long term finance	3,432	1,682
Short term borrowings - secured	1,710	-
	<u>5,142</u>	<u>1,682</u>

**18 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS**

**18.1 Contingencies**

No contingencies exist as at reporting date.

**18.2 Commitments**

Guarantees issued by commercial banks to Sui Southern Gas Company Limited on behalf of the Company amounting to Rs. 239.41 million (2016: Rs. 226.85 million).

Guarantees issued by commercial bank to supplier and Central Excise Department on behalf of the Company amounting to Rs. 7.63 million (2016: Rs. 3.63 million) and Rs. 99.52 million (2016: Rs. 75.85 million) respectively.

Guarantees issued by commercial bank to Nazir Court of Sindh high court on behalf of the Company amounting to Rs. 74.18 (June-2016: nil), for the purpose of Gas Infrastructure Development.

	Note	2017	2016
		----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
<b>18.3</b>			
- Letters of credit		127,702	34,880
- Capital expenditure		<u>1,091,563</u>	<u>57,335</u>
<b>19 SALES - net</b>			
Local		223,224	221,695
Export		20,519,708	19,888,536
Export rebate		273,691	361,384
		<u>21,016,623</u>	<u>20,471,615</u>
Less: Sales tax		(7,988)	(8,169)
Less: Marketing fee and others		(985,408)	(798,549)
		<u>(993,396)</u>	<u>(806,718)</u>
		<u>20,023,227</u>	<u>19,664,897</u>
<b>20 COST OF SALES</b>			
Opening stock of finished goods		545,215	363,104
Add: cost of goods manufactured	20.1	15,959,383	14,283,408
		<u>16,504,598</u>	<u>14,646,512</u>
Less: closing stock of finished goods		(519,463)	(545,215)
		<u>15,985,135</u>	<u>14,101,297</u>

	Note	2017	2016
		----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
<b>20.1 Cost of goods manufactured</b>			
Raw material consumed	20.1.1 & 10.4	9,544,078	8,222,474
Stores consumed		2,439,399	2,241,413
Salaries, wages and other benefits	20.1.2	2,330,652	1,979,449
Fuel, power and water		1,418,124	1,248,832
Insurance expense		21,912	27,462
Repair and maintenance		84,503	101,115
Vehicle running expenses		11,214	10,505
Communication and transportation		43,518	43,651
Rent Expenses		105,716	124,229
Other manufacturing expenses		34,314	28,133
Amortization of leasehold land improvements		25,738	32,230
Depreciation	4.2	503,910	404,623
		<u>16,563,078</u>	<u>14,464,116</u>
Opening work-in-process		971,073	790,365
Closing work-in-process		(1,574,768)	(971,073)
		<u>15,959,383</u>	<u>14,283,408</u>
<b>20.1.1 Raw material consumed</b>			
Opening stock		1,530,681	1,229,094
Purchases during the year		9,556,876	8,524,061
		<u>11,087,557</u>	<u>9,753,155</u>
Less: closing stock		(1,543,479)	(1,530,681)
		<u>9,544,078</u>	<u>8,222,474</u>
<b>20.1.2</b>	This includes an amount of Rs. 45.89 million (2016: Rs. 38.62 million) in respect of staff retirement benefits.		
<b>21 ADMINISTRATIVE COST</b>			
Salaries, wages and benefits	21.1	526,737	457,443
Repairs and maintenance		21,494	26,060
Rent, rates, taxes and license fee		15,091	14,922
Vehicle running expenses		23,515	19,159
Conveyance and traveling		25,815	15,031
Utilities		14,833	16,735
Printing and stationery		1,012	1,023
Postage, telegram and telephone		20,723	18,539
Legal and professional		17,976	16,396
Fees and subscriptions		12,371	2,474
Amortization		8	5,215
Depreciation	4.2	44,017	31,327
Miscellaneous expenses		68,345	51,776
		<u>791,937</u>	<u>676,100</u>
<b>21.1</b>	This includes amount of Rs. 22.92 million (2016: Rs. 19.44 million) in respect of staff retirement benefits.		
<b>22 DISTRIBUTION COST</b>			
Salaries, wages and benefits	22.1	79,551	55,528
Freight and insurance		190,788	223,743
Inspection and forwarding charges		169,197	152,430
Showroom and exhibitions		17,533	23,675
Export development surcharge		47,532	49,769
Market research		2,340	1,838
		<u>506,941</u>	<u>506,983</u>
<b>22.1</b>	This includes amount of Rs. 3.54 (2015: Rs. 2.71 million) in respect of staff retirement benefits.		

	Note	2017	2016
		----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
<b>23 OTHER OPERATING COST NET OF INCOME</b>			
Loss / (Gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment		54,688	(1,942)
Auditors' remuneration	23.1	1,238	1,100
Workers' profit participation fund		129,775	213,044
Workers' welfare fund		16,019	15,776
Donations	23.2	15,763	38,829
		<u>217,483</u>	<u>266,807</u>
<b>23.1 Auditors' remuneration</b>			
Audit fee		938	800
Half yearly review		200	200
Other certification		100	100
		<u>1,238</u>	<u>1,100</u>
<b>23.2</b>	None of the directors and their spouses had any interest in these donations.		
<b>24 FINANCE COST</b>			
Mark-up on			
- Long term finance		13,352	9,260
- Short term borrowings		2,347	2,357
- WPPF		41	140
		<u>15,740</u>	<u>11,757</u>
Bank charges		39,298	47,360
Exchange loss		16,993	22,542
		<u>72,031</u>	<u>81,659</u>
<b>24.1</b>	This represents markup paid on short term borrowings facilities and export re-finance facility of Rs. 5.489 million (2016: Rs. 4.419 million) which was secured by pari passu ranking hypothecation charge over stores and spares, stock-in-trade and trade debts amounting to Rs. 8,490 million (2016: Rs. 6,397 million) of the Company. The rate of mark-up for running / short term finance is 3 months KIBOR + 0.5% to 2% per annum (2016: 3 months KIBOR + 0.5% to 2% per annum). The rate of mark-up for export re-finance is SBP rate + 0.25% per annum (2016: SBP rate + half to full spread per annum).		
<b>25 TAXATION</b>			
<b>Current</b>			
Expense		240,595	219,866
Tax Credit (65B)	25.1	(109,830)	-
		<u>130,765</u>	<u>219,866</u>
Prior year	25.2	(170,742)	2,102
		<u>(39,977)</u>	<u>221,968</u>
<b>25.1</b>	The Company's income is chargeable to tax under Final Tax Regime prescribed under the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and hence tax reconciliation is not being presented.		
<b>25.2</b>	This represent tax credit under section 65B relating to the tax year 2014 (46.98 million), 2015 (68.24 million) and 2016 (58.14 million), which has been determine after deemed assesment were amended under section 122 (for the tax year 2015 and 2016), However for the tax year (2014), said assesment is awaited. The said assesment has been passed subsequent to balance sheet date and accordingly recognised against current year's tax.		
<b>25.3</b>	The Finance Act, 2017 states under Section 5A of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 on every public company other than a scheduled bank or modaraba, that derives profits for tax year and does not distribute dividend in the form of cash or bonus shares within due date of the end if the year, will be liable to pay tax at the rate of 7.5% of its profit before tax for the said period. However, this tax on undistributed profits is not applicable to a public company which distributes profit equal to 40 percent of its after tax profits, within said due date of the end of the tax year.		



In terms of 5A in case it distributes cash or bonus dividend amounting to Rs. 619,076 million (2016: Rs 782,076 million) within due date mention above of the close of the year it would not be liable to any tax under section 5A. The company has already paid interim dividend amounting to Rs. 376,801 million (2016: Rs. 753,603 million) of the profit after tax for the year. The recognition of any liability in this respect as at financial year end is not considered necessary keeping in view the above, and liability if any in this respect would be recognized as of December 31, 2017 depending upon the dividend distributed out of profit for the year ended June 30, 2017.

**26 EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED**
**26.1 Earning per share-basic**

	----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
Profit after taxation	2,489,677	3,810,083
	(Number)	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	376,800,968	376,800,968
	(Rupees)	
Earnings per share-basic	6.61	10.11

**26.2 Earnings per share-diluted**

There is no dilution effect on the shares of the company.

**27 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES**

Particulars	2017				2016			
	Chief Executive	Directors	Executives	Total	Chief Executive	Directors	Executives	Total
	(Rupees in '000)							
Meeting fees	-	6,770	-	6,770	-	240	-	240
Managerial								
Remuneration	14,715	-	479,233	493,948	12,420	17,376	323,747	353,543
Bonus	948	-	28,036	28,984	10,970	1,516	22,120	34,606
Retirement benefits	1,026	-	27,874	28,900	693	1,121	19,446	21,260
	16,689	6,770	535,143	558,602	24,083	20,253	365,313	409,649
No of persons	1	-	261	262	2	2	192	196

**27.1** The Chief Executive, directors and certain executives are provided with the Company's maintained cars.

**27.2** The meeting fees has been paid to non executive directors only.

	2017	2016
	----- (Rupees in '000) -----	

**28 PROVIDENT FUND DISCLOSURES**

Size of the fund	609,656	497,740
Cost of investment made	545,777	319,620
Percentage of investment made	89.5%	64.2%
Fair value of investment	559,107	328,992

**Break up of investment - at fair value**

	2017		2016	
	Rs. in 000's	%	Rs. in 000's	%
- Shares in listed Companies	-	-	7,354	2.2
- Mutual fund	152,549	27.3	101,350	30.8
- Investment in fixed deposits	356,223	63.7	51,869	15.8
- Sukuk & Ijara Certificates	50,335	9.0	168,419	51.2
	559,107		328,992	

**28.1** The investments out of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provision of Section 227 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the rules formulated for this purpose.

	Note	2017	2016
		----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
<b>29 Working capital changes</b>			
(Increase) / decrease in current assets			
Stores and spares		69,389	(122,276)
Stock-in-trade		(590,741)	(664,406)
Trade debts - considered good		(1,571,562)	40,415
Advances, prepayments and other receivables		(252,084)	(385,180)
		(2,344,998)	(1,131,447)
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities			
Trade and other payables		951,075	1,490
		(1,393,923)	(1,129,957)

**30 Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and bank Balance	11	92,931	990,908
Short term borrowings	16	(500,000)	-
		(407,069)	990,908

**31 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES**

Related parties comprise of group companies, directors and their close family members, major shareholders of the Company, key management personnel and staff provident fund. Remuneration and benefits to executives of the Company are in accordance with the terms of the employment while contribution to the provident fund is in accordance with staff service rules. Remuneration of chief executive, directors and executives is disclosed in note to the financial statements. Transactions with related parties and balances outstanding at the year end, other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements are given below:

Nature of transactions	Relationship		
Sales	Associate	935,465	1,032,555
Purchases	Associate	20,653	103,028
Manufacturing and other expenses	Associate	1,063,857	1,061,666
<b>Balances</b>			
(Payable)	Associate	(122,850)	(40,006)

**32 PRODUCTION CAPACITY IN METERS**

Towel	Looms	Capacity	Actual
2017	307	111,237,319	104,218,395
2016	302	100,429,786	96,063,806

**32.1** Actual production achieved is lower than the capacity due to change in product mix caused by orders.

### 33 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company has exposures to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

The Company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the financial performance. Overall, risks arising from the Company's financial assets and liabilities are limited. The Company consistently manages its exposure to financial risk without any material change from previous period in the manner described in notes below.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of Company's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies.

#### 33.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss, without taking into account the fair value of any collateral. Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of financial instruments or contracts are entered into with the same party, or when counter parties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographic region, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by change in economics, political or other conditions. Concentration of credit risk indicates that relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to development affecting a particular industry.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. To manage exposure to credit risk, the Company applies credit limits to their customers. Cash is held only with banks with high quality credit worthiness.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is:

	2017	2016
	----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
Long term deposits	7,093	6,387
Trade debts	4,354,193	2,782,631
Advances and other receivables	1,403,400	1,103,518
Bank balances	90,538	984,305
	<u>5,855,224</u>	<u>4,876,841</u>

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the balance sheet date by geographic region is as follows:

	2017	2016
	----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
Domestic	11,287	1,974
United States	4,081,813	2,658,795
Gulf states	7,754	—
European countries	113,791	100,290
Other regions	139,548	21,572
	<u>4,354,193</u>	<u>2,782,631</u>

#### Impairment losses

The aging of trade debts at the balance sheet date was:

Not past due	3,682,171	2,381,723
Past due 1-60 days	672,008	400,892
Past due 61 days -90 days	9	7
More than 90 days	5	9
	<u>4,354,193</u>	<u>2,782,631</u>

Based on assessment conducted of individual customers, the management believes that receivable falling within the age bracket of upto one year does not require any impairment provision other than to the extent determined above.

Based on past experience, consideration of financial position, past track records and recoveries, the Company believes that trade debts past due upto one year do not require any impairment except as provided in these financial statements, if any. None of the other financial assets are either past due or impaired.

The credit quality of Company's liquid funds is high since the counter parties are banks with reasonable external credit ratings.

#### 33.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they fall due. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Company could be required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected or difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial liabilities as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

On the reporting date, the Company has cash and bank balances and unutilised credit lines of Rs. 92.93 million (2016: Rs. 990.91 million) and Rs. 5,990 million (2016: Rs. 4,690 million).

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including interest payments:

**Non-derivates**
**Financial liabilities**

Long term financing including accrued mark - up  
Short term borrowings including accrued mark - up  
Trade and other payables

2017				
Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Twelve months or less (Rupees in '000)	Two to five years	More than five years
553,432	(609,532)	123,890	485,642	-
501,710	(501,710)	501,710	-	-
2,988,673	(2,988,148)	2,988,148	-	-
4,043,815	(4,099,390)	3,613,748	485,642	-

**Non-derivates**
**Financial liabilities**

Long term financing including accrued mark - up  
Trade and other payables

2016				
Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Twelve months or less (Rupees in '000)	Two to five years	More than five years
441,682	(485,677)	128,590	457,087	-
2,037,482	(2,037,482)	2,037,482	-	-
2,479,164	(2,523,159)	2,066,072	457,087	-

**33.3 Market risk**

Market risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates or the market price due to a change in credit rating of the issuer or the instrument, change in market sentiments, speculative activities, supply and demand of securities and liquidity in the market. The Company is exposed to currency risk and interest rate risk.

**33.3.1 Currency risk**

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of financial asset or a liability will fluctuate due to a change in foreign exchange rates. It arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions entered into foreign currencies.

**Exposure to currency risk**

The Company is exposed to currency risk on trade debts, sales, trade payables and purchases that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currency of the Company. The currencies in which these transactions are denominated is the US Dollars and Euros.

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk is as follows:

	2017		2016	
	USD	Euro	USD	Euro
Trade debts	41,470	-	26,609	-
Trade payable	(2,373)	-	(516)	-
	39,097	-	26,093	-

The following significant exchange rates have been applied:

2017 USD to PKR				2016 USD to PKR			
Reporting date rate		Average rate		Reporting date rate		Average rate	
buying	106.40	selling	106.70	buying	104.5	selling	104.7
		buying	104.55			buying	104.53
		selling	104.75			selling	104.73

**Sensitivity Analysis**

A 10 percent strengthening / weakening of the PKR against USD and PKR against Euro at 30 June would have decreased / increased post-tax profit by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant.

	2017 (Rupees in '000)	2016 (Rupees in '000)
<b>Effect on profit</b>		
USD 10%	(417,165)	(273,195)

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit / loss for the year and assets and liabilities of the Company.

**33.3.2 Interest rate risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Majority of the interest rate exposure arises from short and long term borrowings from banks. At the reporting date, the interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments was as follows:

	Carrying amount	
	2017 (Rupees in '000)	2016 (Rupees in '000)
<b>Financial liabilities</b>		
Long term finance	547,150	440,000

**Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments**

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit and loss account.

**33.3.3 Fair value of financial instruments**

The carrying values of the financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values. Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

**33.3.4 Capital risk management**

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence, sustain future development of the business, safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefit for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Board of Directors monitors the return on capital, which the Company defines as net profit after taxation divided by total shareholders' equity. The Board of Directors also monitors the level of dividend to ordinary shareholders. There were no changes to the Company's approach to capital management during the year and the Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

**34 OPERATING SEGMENTS**

These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of a single reportable segment.

- Revenue from export sales represents 99.55% (2016 : 99.54% ) of the total gross revenue of the Company.
- All non-current assets of the Company at June 30, 2017 are located in Pakistan.
- The amount of revenue from customers having sales of more than 10% of total sales amounting to Rs. 12,718 million, excluding sales tax and Federal Excise Duty, during the year ended June 30, 2017 (2016: 11,509 million). The major customers are outside from Pakistan.

**35 CORRESPONDING FIGURES**

Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever necessary for the purposes of comparison and better presentation.

Reclassification from component	Reclassification to component	Amount (Rupees in '000')
Administrative-Electric Expense	Manufacturing-Gas Expense	12,083
Administrative-Miscellaneous	Administrative-Rent, rates, taxes & License Fee	5,987
Administrative-Miscellaneous	Administrative-Salaries	14,920

**35.1 NON ADJUSTING EVENT**

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on September 26, 2017 has proposed a cash dividend in respect of the year ended June 30, 2017 of Rs 1.70 per share for all shareholders amounting to Rs.640,561,646 (2016: Rs 2.10 per share amounting to Rs. 791,282,033 for all shareholders of the Company, for approval of the members at the Annual General Meeting to be held on October 26, 2017. These financial statements do not include the effect of this proposed cash dividend which will be accounted for in the financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2018.

**36 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES**

The total number of employees and average number of employees at year end and during the year respectively are as follows:

	2017	2016
	(Number)	
Total number of employees as at June 30	<u>3,100</u>	<u>2,985</u>
Average number of employees during the year	<u>3,067</u>	<u>2,992</u>

**37 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE**

These financial statements were authorised for issue on September 26, 2017 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

**38 GENERAL**

All figures in the financial statements are rounded off to the nearest thousand.

**Khaleequr Rahman**  
Director

**Rehan Rahman**  
Chief Executive

**Imran Tola**  
Chief Financial Officer

**AUDITORS' REPORT ON CONSOLIDATED  
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO THE MEMBERS**

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements comprising consolidated Balance Sheet of Feroze1888 Mills Limited (the Holding Company) and its subsidiary Company as at June 30, 2017 and the related consolidated profit and loss Accounts, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated cash flow statement and consolidated statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended. We have also expressed separate opinion on the financial statements of Feroze1888 Mills Limited however the results of the subsidiary Company have been consolidated based on the unaudited financial information prepared by management.

These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Holding Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

Our audit was conducted in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing and accordingly included such test of accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion the consolidated financial statements present fairly the financial position of Feroze1888 Mills Limited (the Holding Company) and its subsidiary Company as at June 30, 2017 and the results of their operations for the year then ended.

Karachi:  
Date: September 26, 2017

**Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq**  
Chartered Accountants  
Engagement partner: Muhammad Waseem

**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET  
AS AT JUNE 30, 2017**

	Note	2017 (Rupees in '000)
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	4	8,262,151
Intangible assets	5	2,975
Long term investment		10
Long term deposits		7,093
		<u>8,272,229</u>
<b>Current assets</b>		
Stores and spares	6	498,033
Stock-in-trade	7	3,637,710
Trade debts - considered good	8	4,354,193
Advances, prepayments and other receivables	9	1,616,720
Taxation		265,920
Cash and bank balances	10	93,730
		<u>10,466,306</u>
		<u>18,738,535</u>
<b>SHARE CAPITAL &amp; RESERVES</b>		
Authorised share capital 400,000,000 (2016: 400,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each		<u>4,000,000</u>
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	11	3,768,009
Capital reserve		758,663
Consolidated Group Reserves		<u>8,482,039</u>
		<u>13,008,711</u>
Non-Controlling Interest		157
Surplus on revaluation	12	1,499,008
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>		
Long term finance - secured	13	437,142
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
Trade and other payables	14	3,178,367
Short term borrowings	15	500,000
Accrued mark-up	16	5,142
Current portion of long term finance	13	110,008
		<u>3,793,517</u>
<b>Contingencies and commitments</b>	17	
		<u>18,738,535</u>

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**Khaleequr Rahman**  
Director

**Rehan Rahman**  
Chief Executive

**Imran Tola**  
Chief Financial Officer

**CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT  
AS AT JUNE 30, 2017**

	Note	2017 (Rupees in '000)
Sales - net	18	20,023,227
Cost of sales	19	(15,985,135)
<b>Gross profit</b>		<u>4,038,092</u>
Administrative cost	20	(792,082)
Distribution cost	21	(506,941)
Other operating cost	22	(217,483)
		<u>(1,516,506)</u>
<b>Operating profit</b>		<u>2,521,586</u>
Finance cost	23	(72,031)
<b>Profit before taxation</b>		<u>2,449,555</u>
Taxation	24	39,977
<b>Profit after taxation</b>		<u>2,489,532</u>
<b>Earnings per share</b>	25	<u>6.61</u>
Share of Profit/(Loss) Attributable Relating to:		
Parent		2,489,567
NCI		(35)
		<u>2,489,532</u>

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**Khaleequr Rahman**  
Director

**Rehan Rahman**  
Chief Executive

**Imran Tola**  
Chief Financial Officer

**STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017**

	2017 (Rupees in '000)
Profit for the year	2,489,567
Other comprehensive income for the year	—
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>2,489,567</u>

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**Khaleequr Rahman**  
Director

**Rehan Rahman**  
Chief Executive

**Imran Tola**  
Chief Financial Officer

**CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017**

	Note	2017 (Rupees in '000)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Profit before taxation		2,449,555
<b>Adjustments for non cash charges and other items:</b>		
Depreciation		547,927
Amortization		25,746
Finance cost		72,031
Workers' fund		145,835
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		54,688
<b>Operating profit before working capital changes</b>		<u>846,227</u>
<b>Changes in working Capital</b>	28	<u>3,295,782</u>
Cash generated from operating activities		<u>(1,393,779)</u>
		1,902,003
Finance cost paid		(68,571)
Workers' fund paid		(213,100)
Income tax paid		(230,902)
<b>Net cash generated from operating activities</b>		<u>1,389,430</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Capital expenditure		(1,762,999)
Proceeds from sale of operating fixed assets		37,721
Long term deposits placed during the period		(706)
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>		<u>(1,725,984)</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Dividend paid		(1,167,966)
Long term finance obtained		110,000
Acquisition of Non-Controlling Interest		192
Repayment of long term finance		(2,850)
<b>Net cash used in financing activities</b>		<u>(1,060,624)</u>
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		<u>(1,397,178)</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		990,908
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	29	<u>(406,270)</u>

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**Khaleequr Rahman**  
Director

**Rehan Rahman**  
Chief Executive

**Imran Tola**  
Chief Financial Officer



**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017**

	Share capital	Capital reserve	Accumulated profit	No Controlling Interest	Total
	(Rupees in '000)				
Opening as at July 01, 2016	3,768,009	758,663	7,160,555	-	11,687,227
Incorporation of Subsidiary	-	-	-	192	192
Total comprehensive income for the year ended June 30, 2017	-	-	2,489,567	(35)	2,489,532
Transactions with owners					
Final cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2016 - Final @ 21% (Rs. 2.10 per share) for all shareholders	-	-	(791,282)	-	(791,282)
Interim cash dividend - Interim @ 10% (Rs. 1.00 per share) for all shareholders	-	-	(376,801)	-	(376,801)
	-	-	(1,168,083)	-	(1,168,083)
Balance as at June 30, 2017	3,768,009	758,663	8,482,039	157	13,008,868

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**Khaleequr Rahman**  
Director

**Rehan Rahman**  
Chief Executive

**Imran Tola**  
Chief Financial Officer

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017**

**1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS**

**1.1 The Group consists of:**

- Feroze1888 Mills Limited ("the Holding Company"); and
- Xublimity (Private) Limited ("the Subsidiary Company").

The Company was incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited company. The shares of the Company are quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange (formerly Karachi Stock Exchange). The Company is principally engaged in production and export of towels. The registered office of the Company is situated at H-23/4-A, Scheme # 3, Landhi Industrial Area, Karachi.

Xublimity (Private) Limited was incorporated in Pakistan as private limited company, and its 75.98% shares has been held by Feroze1888 Mills Limited (the Holding Company). Its principal business is to provide all kinds of Information Technology solutions.

**1.2 Basis of consolidation**

The financial statements comprise of the financial statement of the Group.

Subsidiary company is consolidated from dated April 20, 2017 when 75.98% voting rights are transferred to the Holding Company and will be excluded from consolidation from the date of disposal or cessation of control.

The financial statements of the subsidiary company are prepared for the same reporting period as the Holding company's using consistent accounting policies.

**2 BASIS OF PREPARATION**

**2.1 Statement of compliance**

During the year, the Companies Act 2017 (the Act) has been promulgated, however, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide circular no. 17 Of 2017 dated July 20, 2017 communicated Commission's decision that the companies whose financial year closes on or before 30 June 2017 shall prepare their financial statements in accordance with the provisions of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. Accordingly, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

**2.2 Basis of measurement**

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for land which is carried at revalued amount and certain exchange elements that have been incorporated in the cost of the relevant assets.

**2.3 Functional and presentation currency**

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is the group's functional and presentation currency.

## 2.4 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires the management to make the judgment, estimates, assumptions and use judgments that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

Estimates, assumptions and judgments are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgments and estimates made by management that may have a significant risk of material adjustments to the consolidated financial statements in subsequent years are as follows:

	Note
a) Useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment	3.1
b) Provision for obsolete / slow moving stores and spares	3.3
c) Provision for obsolete / slow moving stock-in-trade	3.4
d) Estimation for impairment in respect of trade debts	3.5
e) Taxation	3.6
f) Staff retirement benefits	3.11

## 2.5 Initial application of new standards and amendments to approved accounting standards

### 2.5.1 Amendments to approved accounting standards effective during the year ended June 30, 2017:

There were certain new amendments to the approved accounting standards which became effective during the year ended June 30, 2017 but are considered not to be relevant or have any significant effect on the Company's financial reporting and are, therefore, not disclosed in these consolidated financial statements.

The Holding Company has adopted the following new and revised standards to IFRSs which became effective for the current year:

IFRS 10 - Consolidated Financial Statements

IFRS 11 - Joint Arrangements

IFRS 12 - Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities

IFRS 13 - Fair Value Measurement

IAS 27 (Revised 2011) - Separate Financial Statements

IAS 28 - Investment in associates and joint ventures

### 2.5.2 Standards and amendments to approved accounting standards that are effective for the Group's accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2017:

There are certain new standards and amendments to the approved accounting standards that will become effective for the Group's annual accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2017. However, these amendments will not have a significant impact on the financial reporting of the Group and, therefore, have not been disclosed in these consolidated financial statements. Further, the new standards are yet to be adopted by the SECP. In addition to the foregoing, the Companies Act 2017 which is not effective on these consolidated financial statements, has added certain disclosure requirements which will be applicable in future.

## 3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 3.1 Property, plant and equipment

#### 3.1.1 Owned

These are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any, except for land that are shown at revalued amounts. Depreciation is charged to consolidated profit and loss account applying the reducing balance method whereby the cost of an asset is written off over its useful life at the rates specified in note 4.1 to the consolidated financial statements except for lease hold improvement which are depreciated on straight line basis over the period of 3 to 5 years. Depreciation on additions is charged when the asset is available for use until asset is disposed off.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the carrying amount is greater than the recoverable amount.

Where major components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the consolidated profit and loss account during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Disposal of asset is recognised when significant risk and rewards incidental to ownership have been transferred to buyers. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are taken to the consolidated profit and loss account.

Depreciation method, useful lives and residual values are reviewed annually and adjusted, if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

Repairs and maintenance are charged to profit and loss as and when incurred.

#### 3.1.2 Capital work in progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less impairment, if any. It consists of expenditure incurred and advances made in respect of tangible and intangible assets in the course of their construction and installation. Transfers are made to relevant operating fixed assets category as and when assets are available for use.

### 3.2 Intangible assets

Computer software is capitalized on the basis of cost incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Amortization is charged to the consolidated profit and loss account using the 'straight line' method over a period of 5 year. Amortization is charged from the date of purchase of the intangible asset until intangible asset is disposed off. Intangible asset is derecognized on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use. Any resulting gain or loss on derecognition are recognized in consolidated profit and loss account. The estimated useful life and the amortization methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

### 3.3 Stores and spares

Stores and spares, excluding items in transit, are valued at lower of moving average cost and net realisable value. Provision is made for slow moving and obsolete items, based on management's best estimate regarding their future usability.

Items in transit are valued at cost comprising invoice values plus other charges incurred thereon accumulated to the reporting date.

Net realisable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### 3.4 Stock-in-trade

Raw materials and finished goods are valued at lower of average cost and net realizable value.

Work-in-process is valued at average cost of raw-materials including a proportionate of manufacturing overheads. By products and waste products are valued at net realisable value.

Cost of finished goods includes cost of direct materials, labour and appropriate portion of manufacturing overheads.

Net realisable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to be incurred to make the sale.

Provisions are made in the consolidated financial statements for obsolete and slow moving stock-in-trade based on management's best estimate regarding their future usability.

#### 3.5 Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are carried at original invoice amount / cost, which is the fair value of the consideration to be received, less an estimate made for doubtful debts which is determined based on management review of outstanding amounts and previous repayment pattern. Balances considered bad and irrevocable are written off.

#### 3.6 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

##### 3.6.1 Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any. The charge for the current tax also includes adjustments where necessary, relating to prior years which arise from assessments framed / finalized during the year.

##### 3.6.2 Deferred

Deferred tax is provided by using the consolidated balance sheet liability method for all temporary differences arising at the consolidated balance sheet date subject to certain exceptions between tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts. Presently the Holding Company is being assessed under section 148 and 153 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, therefore, the Holding Company does not account for deferred tax.

#### 3.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated cash flow statement includes cash in hand, balance with banks, and bank overdrafts / short term borrowings. Bank overdrafts are shown within short term borrowings in current liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet.

#### 3.8 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and recognised at their face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### 3.9 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortized cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the consolidated balance sheet date.

#### 3.10 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are obligations to pay for goods and services that have been acquired in ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current if payment is due within one year or less (or in normal operating cycle of business, if longer), if not, they are classified as non current liabilities. Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at amortised cost.

#### 3.11 Staff retirement benefits

##### 3.11.1 Defined contribution plans

The Group operates an approved defined contribution provident fund for its eligible employees. Monthly contributions are made both by the Company and employees to the fund at the rate of 10% of basic salary.

##### 3.11.2 Employees' compensation absences

The Group accounts for the liability in respect of employees' compensated absences in the year in which these are earned.

#### 3.12 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each consolidated balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

#### 3.13 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates and sales tax or duty. The Group assesses its revenue arrangements against specific criteria in order to determine if it is acting as a principal or an agent. The Group has concluded that it is acting as a principal in all its revenue arrangements. The following are the specific recognition criteria that must be met before revenue is recognised:

- transferred to the customer the significant risks and rewards of ownership;
- neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the group and;
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

### 3.14 Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred except where such costs are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset in which case such costs are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset. Borrowing cost includes exchange differences arising on foreign currency borrowings to the extent these are regarded as an adjustment to borrowing cost.

### 3.15 Foreign currency transactions and translation

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is Group's functional and presentation currency. Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account.

### 3.16 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at fair value or amortized cost when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual right to the cash flow from the financial assets expire or is transferred. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires. Financial instruments carried on the balance sheet include trade debts and other receivables, loans, cash and bank balances, short term finance and trade and other payables excluding sales tax payable, Workers' Profit Participation Fund, Workers' Welfare Fund and special excise duty. The particular recognition methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

#### 3.16.1 Financial Assets

##### - Classification :

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss, held to maturity, loans and receivables, and available-for-sale. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

The Group classifies its investments in the following categories:

##### a) Available for sale

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. These are primarily those investments that are intended to be held for an undefined period of time or may be sold in response to the need for liquidity. They are included in non-current assets unless the investment matures or management intends to dispose of it within 12 months of the end of the reporting date.

##### b) Fair value through profit and loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short-term. Derivatives are also categorized as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

##### c) Held to maturity

Investments with a fixed maturity where the Group has the intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held to maturity investments. Held-to-maturity investments are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses.

##### d) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the end of the reporting period which are classified as non-current assets. The Group's loans and receivables comprise 'trade debts', 'short term loans' and other receivables' in the balance sheet.

##### - Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade date – the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in the profit and loss account. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the consolidated profit and loss account within income / expenses in the period in which they arise.

Changes in fair value of monetary and non-monetary investments classified as available-for-sale are recognized in other consolidated comprehensive income. When securities classified as available-for-sale are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognized in equity are included in the consolidated profit and loss account as 'gains and losses from investment securities'.

Interest on available-for-sale investment calculated using the effective interest method is recognized in the profit and loss account as part of other income.

#### 3.16.2 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognised at the time when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired.

#### 3.17 Impairment of Assets

##### Financial assets

A financial asset is assessed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset.

In case of investment in equity securities classified as available for sale and measured at fair value, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered in determining whether the assets are impaired. If any such evidence exists, the cumulative loss measured as a difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognized is transferred from equity and recognized in the profit and loss account. Such impairment losses are not subsequently reversed through the profit and loss account.

Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics. All impairment losses are recognized in profit and loss account.

#### Non - financial assets

The carrying amount of the Group's non-financial assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Impairment losses are recognized in consolidated profit and loss account.

#### 3.18 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet, if the Group has a legally enforceable right to setoff the recognized amounts and the Group intends to settle either on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 3.19 Transactions with related parties

All transactions involving related parties arising in the normal course of business are conducted at normal commercial rates except in extremely rare circumstances where, subject to the approval of the Board of Directors, it is in the interest of the Group to do so.

#### 3.20 Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary share holders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

#### 3.21 Dividend and appropriation to reserves

Dividend distribution to the Group's shareholders and appropriation to reserves are recognized as a liability in the financial statements in the period in which these are approved. Transfer between reserves made subsequent to the balance sheet date is considered as a non adjusting event and is recognized in the financial statements in the period in which such transfers are made.

	Note	2017 (Rupees in '000)
<b>4 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT</b>		
Operating fixed assets	4.1	7,318,053
Capital work-in-progress	4.5	849,492
Lease hold improvements		94,606
		<u>8,262,151</u>

	Lease hold land	Free hold land	Building on Leasehold Land	Building on Freehold Land	Plant & Machinery	Electric fittings / Equipments	Office Equipment	Computers	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicles	Arms and Ammunitions	Sub Total
<b>As at June 30, 2016</b>												
Cost	1,990,043	306,038	989,993	148,250	6,611,739	250,212	78,088	94,556	43,571	207,174	43	9,801,707
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	(441,923)	(88,840)	(3,120,008)	(124,521)	(26,596)	(64,643)	(25,427)	(72,706)	(34)	(3,996,688)
Net book value	1,990,043	306,038	548,070	59,410	3,491,731	125,691	51,492	29,913	18,144	134,468	9	5,805,009
<b>Year ended June 30, 2017</b>												
Opening net book value	1,990,043	306,038	528,070	59,410	3,491,731	125,691	51,492	29,913	18,144	134,468	9	5,805,009
Additions / transfers during the year	24,747	-	432,167	-	1,147,630	14,997	13,369	23,258	6,692	63,034	-	1,725,893
Transfer to intangible assets	-	-	-	-	(406)	-	(803)	(1,926)	-	-	-	(3,135)
Reclassification	-	-	-	-	3,513	(3,878)	368	-	-	-	(3)	-
Surplus on Revaluation	284,575	133,770	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	418,345
Adjustment	-	-	(1,213)	-	(13,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(14,213)
<b>Disposals / transfers</b>												
Cost	-	-	-	-	(341,008)	(25,580)	(7,105)	(5,934)	(7,317)	(20,424)	-	(407,348)
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	-	255,855	20,774	5,490	5,782	5,245	13,793	-	306,939
Net book value	-	-	-	-	(85,153)	(4,786)	(1,615)	(152)	(2,072)	(6,631)	-	(100,409)
Transfer to intangible assets	-	-	-	-	99	-	494	1,898	-	-	-	2,490
Reclassification	-	-	-	-	37	33	(219)	(1)	(30)	177	3	-
Depreciation for the year	-	-	(68,020)	(5,941)	(404,578)	(13,170)	(8,447)	(12,875)	(1,962)	(32,933)	(1)	(547,927)
Closing net book value	1,999,365	441,808	892,217	53,469	4,149,766	122,764	55,074	42,041	20,772	158,115	11	7,318,053
<b>As at June 30, 2016</b>												
Cost	1,999,365	441,808	1,400,947	148,250	7,408,468	235,771	83,917	109,954	42,946	249,784	40	11,521,249
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	(509,943)	(94,781)	(3,268,595)	(116,865)	(29,278)	(69,839)	(22,174)	(91,669)	(32)	(4,203,196)
Net book value	1,999,365	441,808	891,004	53,469	4,139,873	118,886	54,639	40,115	20,772	158,115	8	7,318,053
Annual rates of depreciation	0%	0%	10%	10%	10%	10%	15%	30%	10%	20%	15%	

4.1 Operating fixed assets



**2017**  
(Rupees in '000)

**4.2 Depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as under:-**

Cost of sales  
Administrative cost

**503,910**  
**44,017**  
**547,927**

**4.3 Details of disposal of property, plant and equipment having book value of more than Rs. 50,000 during the year are as follows:**

Particulars	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Book Value	Sale Proceeds	Loss / (gain)	Mode of Disposal	Parties
<b>Plant and Machinery</b>							
Gas Generator Waukesha 625Kva Model L-36 GLD, With Radiator	1,011	796	215	1,100	(885)	Negotiation	SwamPower
Gas Generator Waukesha 670KVA, 380V	8,789	6,415	2,374	1,100	1,274	Negotiation	SwamPower
Diesel Generator Hino W 040D 50 KVA	482	369	113	100	13	Negotiation	Rajab Ali
Diesel Generator Caterpillar G-3512 1400KVA	7,965	5,479	2,486	1,500	986	Negotiation	International Power Services
Shearing Machine	215	116	99	400	(301)	Negotiation	Mr. Hyder Zaman
Gas Generator Kohler 125RZG 130Kva	1,965	1,379	586	160	426	Negotiation	Muhammad Iqbal Butt
Gas Generator Waukesha Engine 635 KW	24,732	19,594	5,138	925	4,213	Negotiation	International Power Services
Uni Gas Apollo VR-550-B Gas Compressor	5,223	4,219	1,004	200	804	Negotiation	Mr. Kashif Waheed
Fork Lifter # 5 Caterpillar 10 Ton Diesel	850	791	59	480	(421)	Negotiation	Mr. Kashif Waheed
Plastic Dana Cutter Machine	125	41	84	200	(116)	Negotiation	Mr. Asad Bacha
Poly Recycling Extruder Machine (Mother Baby)	775	390	385	200	185	Negotiation	Mr. Asad Bacha
Spinning Machine Hub - Multiple Assets	3,605	2,946	659	108	551	Negotiation	Mr. Muhammad Saleem
Fabric Printing Machine with Dryer	2,506	2,131	375	199	176	Negotiation	Muhammad Akeem Khan
Trolley	735	632	103	20	83	Negotiation	Kashif Waheed
Trolley	650	556	94	17	77	Negotiation	Kashif Waheed
Subzer TPS-600 Dobby Looms	60,259	50,683	9,576	12,000	(2,424)	Negotiation	M/s. Umer Industry
Fork Lifter # 3 TOM 02 Ton Diesel (Lot#26197)	975	871	104	475	(371)	Negotiation	Muhammad Akeem Khan
Steamer Xonela	2,764	2,174	590	550	40	Negotiation	Mr. Kashif Waheed
Gas Generator Cat G3516 C # 4 1600KW	46,516	22,378	24,138	12,000	12,138	Negotiation	Brilliant Automation Solutions
Old Stitching machines	8,910	7,454	1,456	500	956	Negotiation	Mr. Javeed
MuB Drum Duet & Waste Removal System JSDT	2,062	1,173	889	185	704	Negotiation	Ashraf Ali
Barnden Look Stitch Hemming Machine	2,943	2,275	668	116	552	Negotiation	Mr. Kashif Waheed
Soft Winding Machine Scharer SSM 41 - 24 Spindles	2,915	2,665	250	254	(4)	Negotiation	Mr. Muneed Abbas
Sub-Total	186,972	135,527	51,445	32,789	18,656		
<b>Motor Vehicles:</b>							
Honda City Reg#. AU7-684	1,359	943	416	800	(384)	Negotiation	Mr. Sheraz Bostan S/o. Muhammad Bostan
Suzuki Mehran VXR Reg#. BFB-463	753	63	690	753	(63)	Insurance Claim	EFU General Insurance Ltd
Toyota Coaster Reg#. CR-8644	1,726	1,508	218	1,400	(1,182)	Negotiation	Mr. Danis Khan S/o. Mr. Rustam Khan
Shehzore Pickup Reg#. KN-8259	706	647	59	525	(466)	Negotiation	Mr. Aas Muhammad S/o. Abdul Hafeez
Suzuki Mehran VXR 796CC BFB-480	753	74	679	753	(74)	Insurance Claim	EFU General Insurance Ltd
Suzuki Mehran AIM-542	569	394	175	305	(130)	Negotiation	Mr. Muhammad Saleem S/o. Muhammad Manzoor
Suzuki Mehran AVG-821	569	400	169	300	(131)	Negotiation	Mr. Khubab Ahmed Qureshi S/o. Ishtiaq Ahmed Qureshi
Toyota Hase CT-1888 Dual	2,980	2,286	694	1,267	(573)	Negotiation	Mr. Sher Muhammad Khan S/o Umer Uddin
Suzuki Mehran ASA-249	497	401	96	245	(149)	Negotiation	Mr. Uzairullah
Suzuki Bolan CT-4888	635	470	165	287	(122)	Negotiation	Mr. Yaseen Majed ur Rahman
Suzuki Mehran AQV-436	381	318	63	227	(164)	Negotiation	Mr. Muhammad Shafiq
Honda Civic ARC-446	1,765	1,498	267	811	(544)	Negotiation	Mian Sajid Islam
Suzuki Mehran Reg. # AYD-181	607	378	229	310	(81)	Negotiation	Mr. Khalid Ullah Qureshi S/o Mr. Liaquat Ullah Qureshi
Suzuki Mehran AUG-054	524	395	129	245	(116)	Negotiation	Sheikh Rizwan Ahmed
Suzuki Mehran AYH-016	649	399	250	303	(53)	Negotiation	Muhammad Anas Khan S/o Asif Jawed
Suzuki Ravi Pickup KS-5982	655	392	263	300	(37)	Negotiation	M/s. White Wall Corrugators
Honda City AUH-531	1,299	985	314	725	(411)	Negotiation	Mrs. Shamin Zikria W/o Mr. Zikria
Suzuki Mehran VXR E2 with Reg # BDV-416	720	230	490	700	(210)	Insurance Claim	EFU General Insurance Limited
Suzuki Mehran VXR CNG 796 cc Reg#. BFR-670	753	145	608	753	(145)	Insurance Claim	EFU General Insurance Limited
Toyota Corolla GLI AVR-567	1,529	1,110	419	875	(456)	Negotiation	Khawar Ahmed Khan
Suzuki Mehran AYH-107	649	409	240	329	(89)	Negotiation	M/s. Modular
Sub-Total	20,078	13,445	6,633	12,213	(5,580)		
<b>Write off property plant and equipments</b>							
Write off property plant and equipments	199,038	156,787	42,251	-	42,251		
Sub-Total	199,038	156,787	42,251	-	42,251		
Grand Total-2017	406,088	305,759	100,329	45,002	55,327		
Grand Total-2016	82,341	61,523	20,818	22,726	(1,908)		

**4.4** Had there been no revaluation the related figures of land would have been at Rs.342.17 million as at June 30, 2017.

**4.5 Capital work-in-progress**

Opening as at July 1  
Additions during the year  
- Machines under installation  
- Building under construction  
- Others

Transferred to operating fixed assets  
Transferred to leasehold improvements  
Transferred/adjustment to expense

Advances - CWIP  
Closing Balance

**5 INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

**Software**

Cost  
Opening as at July 1  
Transferred from operating fixed assets during the year  
Closing balance

**Accumulated amortization**

Opening as at July 1  
Charge for the year  
Closing balance

**CWIP**

**Net book value as at June 30**

**6 STORES AND SPARES**

General stores  
Chemicals  
Packing stores

Less: Provision for slow moving

**7 STOCK-IN-TRADE**

Raw material  
Work-in-process  
Finished goods

**2017**  
(Rupees in '000)

**578,191**

**983,648**  
**523,218**  
**54,270**

**1,561,136**

**(1,518,458)**  
**(61,692)**  
**(7,382)**

**(1,587,532)**

**551,795**

**297,697**

**849,492**

**30,329**

**2,930**

**33,259**

**(30,329)**

**(2,754)**

**(33,083)**

**2,799**

**2,975**

**184,095**

**205,684**

**132,182**

**521,961**

**(23,928)**

**498,033**

**1,543,479**

**1,574,768**

**519,463**

**3,637,710**



	Note	2017 (Rupees in '000)
<b>8 TRADE DEBTS - CONSIDERED GOOD</b>		
Export		4,342,906
Local		11,287
		<u>4,354,193</u>
<b>9 ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES</b>		
<b>Advances - considered good</b>		
- Suppliers		203,128
- Employees		544
		<u>203,672</u>
Short term prepayments		9,648
Sales tax refundable		292,521
Export rebate		303,213
Duty drawback		70,982
Special excise duty		5,737
Research and development support		3,070
Security deposit	9.1	42,231
Markup receivable		3,143
Reimbursement due from Government	9.2	83,666
DLTL Receivable	9.3	583,139
Others		15,698
		<u>1,616,720</u>
<b>9.1 Security deposit includes an amount of Rs. 26.59 million paid to a related party.</b>		
<b>9.2</b> This represents the amount recognized during the year against Technology Upgradation Fund (TUF) scheme set up by the government for which the Holding Company submitted its claim for reimbursement during the current year based on cost incurred on textile machines imported for upgradation.		
<b>9.3</b> This represents the amount recognised during the year against Duties, levies and taxes as per notification (No.1(41)TID/14-RDA) issued by the government of Pakistan Ministry Of Textile Industry on January 23, 2017. Holding Company submitted its claim for reimbursement during the year based on dispatches made from January 16, 2017 to June 30, 2017 at the rate of 6%.		
<b>10 CASH AND BANK BALANCES</b>		
Cash in hand		2,393
Cash at bank - current accounts		91,337
		<u>93,730</u>

11	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL					
	2017		Note	2017		
	(Number of Shares)			(Rupees in '000)		
	116,728,612	Ordinary shares fully paid in cash		1,167,286		
	859,020	Ordinary shares issued as bonus shares		8,590		
	259,213,336	Ordinary shares fully paid in cash issued against consideration other than cash		2,592,133		
	<u>376,800,968</u>			<u>3,768,009</u>		
12	SURPLUS ON REVALUATION					
	The Holding Company performed revaluation by independent valuer M/s. Joseph Lobo (Private) Limited (an approved valuer from Pakistan Bank's Association) reports dated May 22, 2017 on the basis of present market value. Previously the revaluation was performed by M/s. Joseph Lobo (Private) Limited on July 15, 2011. This represents surplus on revaluation on land only.					
13	LONG TERM FINANCE - SECURED					
	Long term finances		13.1	547,150		
	Current portion shown under current liabilities			<u>(110,008)</u>		
				<u>437,142</u>		
13.1	Long term finance from bank					
	Bank	Note	Nature	Term	Acquisition Date	
	Habib Mertropolitan Bank Limited	13.2	Term loan	8 half yearly	December 28, 2015	19,945
		13.2	Term loan	8 half yearly	January 5, 2016	24,000
		13.2	Term loan	8 half yearly	April 21, 2016	52,700
		13.2	Term loan	10 half yearly	June 12, 2017	110,000
	Faysal Bank Limited	13.2	Term loan	16 Quarterly	May 2, 2016	49,650
		13.2	Term loan	16 Quarterly	April 28, 2016	21,000
		13.2	Term loan	16 Quarterly	May 6, 2016	44,900
		13.2	Term loan	16 Quarterly	May 25, 2016	38,000
		13.2	Term loan	16 Quarterly	June 6, 2016	65,400
		13.2	Term loan	16 Quarterly	June 20, 2016	121,555
						<u>547,150</u>
	Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities					<u>(110,008)</u>
						<u>437,142</u>
13.2	These loans have been obtained in acquiring imported and local textile machinery. The rate of markup is 2.5% to 3%. These are secured against specific charge on the fixed assets and equitable mortgage over immovable properties.					
14	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES					
	Creditors				14.1	2,669,633
	Accrued expenses					253,244
	Workers' profits participation fund				14.2	129,775
	Workers' welfare fund					59,919
	Advance from customers					29,092
	Payable to provident fund					13,619
	Unclaimed dividend					1,079
	Others					22,006
						<u>3,178,367</u>

<b>14.1</b>	This include an amount of Rs. 149.58 million payable to related parties.	<b>Note</b>	<b>2017</b>
<b>14.2</b>	<b>Workers' profits participation fund (WPPF)</b>		<b>(Rupees in '000)</b>
	Opening balance		<b>213,043</b>
	Interest on WPPF		<b>41</b>
	Contribution for the year		<b>129,775</b>
			<b>342,859</b>
	Less: Payment during the year		<b>(213,084)</b>
	Closing balance		<b>129,775</b>
<b>15</b>	<b>SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS</b>		
	<b>From banking Companies</b>		
	Finacne against import / export	15.1	<b>500,000</b>
<b>15.1</b>	These facilities are subject to markup at the rate from SBP plus 0.5% (2016: Nil) per annum. These arrangements are secured against first pari passu charge over stock in trade, receivable and other current assets of the company.		
<b>16</b>	<b>ACCRUED MARK-UP</b>		
	Long term finance		<b>3,432</b>
	Short term borrowings - secured		<b>1,710</b>
			<b>5,142</b>
<b>17</b>	<b>CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS</b>		
<b>17.1</b>	<b>Contingencies</b>		
	No contingencies exist as at reporting date.		
<b>17.2</b>	<b>Commitments</b>		
	Guarantees issued by commercial banks to Sui Southern Gas Company Limited on behalf of the Holding Company amounting to Rs. 239.41 million.		
	Guarantees issued by commercial bank to supplier and Central Excise Department on behalf of the Holding Company amounting to Rs. 7.63 million and Rs. 99.52 million respectively.		
	Guarantees issued by commercial bank to Nazir Court of Sindh high court on behalf of the Holding Company amounting to Rs. 74.18 million for the purpose of Gas Infrastructure Development.		

		<b>Note</b>	<b>2017</b>
			<b>(Rupees in '000)</b>
<b>17.3</b>	- Letters of credit		<b>127,702</b>
	- Capital expenditure		<b>1,091,563</b>
<b>18</b>	<b>SALES - net</b>		
	Local		<b>223,224</b>
	Export		<b>20,519,708</b>
	Export rebate		<b>273,691</b>
			<b>21,016,623</b>
	Less: Sales tax		<b>(7,988)</b>
	Less: Marketing fee and others		<b>(985,408)</b>
			<b>(993,396)</b>
			<b>20,023,227</b>
<b>19</b>	<b>COST OF SALES</b>		
	Opening stock of finished goods		<b>545,215</b>
	Add: cost of goods manufactured	19.1	<b>15,959,383</b>
			<b>16,504,598</b>
	Less: closing stock of finished goods		<b>(519,463)</b>
			<b>15,985,135</b>
<b>19.1</b>	<b>Cost of goods manufactured</b>		
	Raw material consumed	19.1.1 & 9.4	<b>9,544,078</b>
	Stores consumed		<b>2,439,399</b>
	Salaries, wages and other benefits	19.1.2	<b>2,330,652</b>
	Fuel, power and water		<b>1,418,124</b>
	Insurance expense		<b>21,912</b>
	Repair and maintenance		<b>84,503</b>
	Vehicle running expenses		<b>11,214</b>
	Communication and transportation		<b>43,518</b>
	Rent Expenses		<b>105,716</b>
	Other manufacturing expenses		<b>34,314</b>
	Amortization of leasehold land improvements		<b>25,738</b>
	Depreciation	4.2	<b>503,910</b>
			<b>16,563,078</b>
	Opening work-in-process		<b>971,073</b>
	Closing work-in-process		<b>(1,574,768)</b>
			<b>15,959,383</b>
<b>19.1.1</b>	<b>Raw material consumed</b>		
	Opening stock		<b>1,530,681</b>
	Purchases during the year		<b>9,556,876</b>
			<b>11,087,557</b>
	Less: closing stock		<b>(1,543,479)</b>
			<b>9,544,078</b>

	Note	2017 (Rupees in '000)
19.1.2	This includes an amount of Rs. 45.89 million in respect of staff retirement benefits.	
<b>20 ADMINISTRATIVE COST</b>		
Salaries, wages and benefits	20.1	526,737
Repairs and maintenance		21,494
Rent, rates, taxes and license fee		15,091
Vehicle running expenses		23,515
Conveyance and traveling		25,815
Utilities		14,833
Printing and stationery		1,012
Postage, telegram and telephone		20,723
Legal and professional		17,976
Fees and subscriptions		12,516
Amortization		8
Depreciation	4.2	44,017
Miscellaneous expenses		68,345
		<u>792,082</u>
20.1	This includes amount of Rs. 22.92 million in respect of staff retirement benefits.	
<b>21 DISTRIBUTION COST</b>		
Salaries, wages and benefits	21.1	79,551
Freight and insurance		190,788
Inspection and forwarding charges		169,197
Showroom and exhibitions		17,533
Export development surcharge		47,532
Market research		2,340
		<u>506,941</u>
21.1	This includes amount of Rs. 3.54 million in respect of staff retirement benefits.	
<b>22 OTHER OPERATING COST NET OF INCOME</b>		
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		54,688
Auditors' remuneration	22.1	1,238
Workers' profit participation fund		129,775
Workers' welfare fund		16,019
Donations	22.2	15,763
		<u>217,483</u>
<b>22.1 AUDITORS' REMUNERATION</b>		
Audit fee		938
Half yearly review		200
Other certification		100
		<u>1,238</u>
22.2	None of the directors and their spouses had any interest in these donations.	

	Note	2017 (Rupees in '000)
<b>23 FINANCE COST</b>		
Mark-up on		
- Long term finance	23.1	13,352
- Short term borrowings		2,347
- WPPF		41
		<u>15,740</u>
Bank charges		39,298
Exchange loss		16,993
		<u>72,031</u>
23.1	This represents markup paid on short term borrowings facilities and export re-finance facility of Rs. 5.489 million which was secured by pari passu ranking hypothecation charge over stores and spares, stock-in-trade and trade debts amounting to Rs.8,490 million of the Holding Company. The rate of mark-up for running / short term finance is 3 months KIBOR + 0.5% to 2% per annum. The rate of mark-up for export re-finance is SBP rate + 0.25% per annum.	
<b>24 TAXATION</b>		
Current		
Expense		240,595
Tax Credit (65B)	24.1	(109,830)
		<u>130,765</u>
Prior year	24.2	(170,742)
		<u>(39,977)</u>
24.1	The Company's income is chargeable to tax under Final Tax Regime prescribed under the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and hence tax reconciliation is not being presented.	
24.2	This represent tax credit under section 65B relating to the tax year 2014 (46.98 million), 2015 (68.24 million) and 2016 (58.14 million), which has been determine after deemed assesment were amended under section 122 (for the tax year 2015 and 2016). However for the tax year (2014), said assesment is awaited. The said assesment has been passed subsequent to balance sheet date and accordingly recognised against current year's tax.	
24.3	The Finance Act, 2017 states under Section 5A of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 on every public company other than a scheduled bank or modaraba, that derives profits for tax year and does not distribute dividend in the form of cash or bonus shares within due date of the end if the year, will be liable to pay tax at the rate of 7.5% of its profit before tax for the said period. However, this tax on undistributed profits is not applicable to a public company which distributes profit equal to 40 percent of its after tax profits, within said due date of the end of the tax year.	
	In terms of 5A in case it distributes cash or bonus dividend amounting to Rs. 619.076 million within due date mention above of the close of the year it would not be liable to any tax under section 5A. The company has already paid interim dividend amounting to Rs. 376.801 million of the profit after tax for the year. The recognition of any liability in this respect as at financial year end is not considered necessary keeping in view the above, and liability if any in this respect would be recognized as of December 31, 2017 depending upon the dividend distributed out of profit for the year ended June 30, 2017.	

**25 EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED**

	Note	2017 (Rupees in '000)
<b>25.1 Earning per share-basic</b>		
Profit after taxation		2,489,532
		(Number)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares		376,800,968
		(Rupees)
Earnings per share-basic		6.61

**25.2 Earnings per share-diluted**

There is no dilution effect on the shares of the Group.

**26 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES**

	2017			
Particulars	Chief Executive	Directors	Executives	Total
	(Rupees in '000)			
Meeting Fees	—	6,770	—	6,700
Managerial	—	—	—	—
Remuneration	14,715	—	479,233	493,948
Bonus	948	—	28,036	28,984
Retirement benefits	1,026	—	27,874	28,900
	16,689	6,770	535,143	558,602
No of persons	1	—	261	262

**26.1** The Chief Executive, directors and certain executives are provided with the Group's maintained cars.

**26.2** The meeting fees has been paid to non executive directors only.

**27 PROVIDENT FUND DISCLOSURES**

Size of the fund	609,656
Cost of investment made	545,777
Percentage of investment made	89.5%
Fair value of investment	559,107

**Break up of investment - at fair value**

	2017	
	Rs. in 000's	%
- Shares in listed Companies	—	—
- Mutual fund	152,549	27.3
- Investment in fixed deposits	356,223	63.7
- Sukuk & Ijara Certificates	50,335	9.0
	559,107	

**27.1** The investments out of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provision of Section 227 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the rules formulated for this purpose.

**28 WORKING CAPITAL CHANGE**

	Note	2017 (Rupees in '000)
(Increase) / decrease in current assets		
Stores and spares		69,389
Stock-in-trade		(590,741)
Trade debts - considered good		(1,571,562)
Advances, prepayments and other receivables		(251,940)
		(2,344,854)
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities		951,075
Trade and other payables		(1,393,779)

**29 Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and bank Balance	10	93,730
Short term borrowings	15	(500,000)
		(406,270)

**30 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES**

Related parties comprise of group companies, directors and their close family members, major shareholders of the Group, key management personnel and staff provident fund. Remuneration and benefits to executives of the Group are in accordance with the terms of the employment while contribution to the provident fund is in accordance with staff service rules. Remuneration of chief executive, directors and executives is disclosed in note to the financial statements. Transactions with related parties and balances outstanding at the year end, other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements are given below:

		2017 (Rupees in '000)
<b>Nature of transactions</b>	<b>Relationship</b>	
Sales	Associate	935,465
Purchases	Associate	20,653
Manufacturing and other expenses	Associate	1,063,857
<b>Balances</b>		
(Payable)	Associate	(122,850)

**31 PRODUCTION CAPACITY IN METRES**

Towel	Looms	Capacity	Actual
2017	307	111,237,319	104,218,395

**31.1** Actual production achieved is lower than the capacity due to change in product mix caused by orders.

**32 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**
**Financial risk management objectives and policies**

The Group has exposures to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the financial performance. Overall, risks arising from the Group's financial assets and liabilities are limited. The Group consistently manages its exposure to financial risk without any material change from previous period in the manner described in notes below.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of Group's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies.

### 32.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss, without taking into account the fair value of any collateral. Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of financial instruments or contracts are entered into with the same party, or when counter parties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographic region, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by change in economics, political or other conditions. Concentration of credit risk indicates that relative sensitivity of the Group's performance to development affecting a particular industry.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. To manage exposure to credit risk, the Group applies credit limits to their customers. Cash is held only with banks with high quality credit worthiness.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is:

	2017 (Rupees in '000)
Long term investment	618
Long term deposits	7,093
Trade debts	4,354,193
Advances and other receivables	1,403,400
Bank balances	91,337
	<u>5,856,641</u>

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the balance sheet date by geographic region is as follows:

Domestic	11,287
United States	4,081,813
Gulf states	7,754
European countries	113,791
Other regions	139,548
	<u>4,354,193</u>

### Impairment losses

The aging of trade debts at the balance sheet date was:

	3,682,171
Not past due	672,008
Past due 1-60 days	9
Past due 61 days -90 days	5
More than 90 days	<u>4,354,193</u>

Based on assessment conducted of individual customers, the management believes that receivable falling within the age bracket of upto one year does not require any impairment provision other than to the extent determined above.

Based on past experience, consideration of financial position, past track records and recoveries, the Group believes that trade debts past due upto one year do not require any impairment except as provided in these financial statements, if any. None of the other financial assets are either past due or impaired.

The credit quality of Group's liquid funds is high since the counter parties are banks with reasonable external credit ratings.

### 32.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they fall due. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Group could be required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected or difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial liabilities as they fall due. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

On the reporting date, the Group has cash and bank balances and unutilised credit lines of Rs. 92.93 million and Rs. 5.990 million.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including interest payments:

	2017			
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Twelve months or less (Rupees in '000)	Two to five years More than five years
<b>Non-derivatives</b>				
<b>Financial liabilities</b>				
Long term financing including accrued mark - up	553,432	(609,532)	123,890	485,642
Short term borrowings including accrued mark - up	501,710	(501,710)	501,710	—
Trade and other payables	2,988,673	(2,988,148)	2,988,148	—
	<u>4,043,815</u>	<u>(4,099,390)</u>	<u>3,613,748</u>	<u>485,642</u>

### 32.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates or the market price due to a change in credit rating of the issuer or the instrument, change in market sentiments, speculative activities, supply and demand of securities and liquidity in the market. The Group is exposed to currency risk and interest rate risk.

#### 32.3.1 Currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of financial asset or a liability will fluctuate due to a change in foreign exchange rates. It arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions entered into foreign currencies.

#### Exposure to currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk on trade debts, sales, trade payables and purchases that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currency of the Group. The currencies in which these transactions are denominated is the US Dollars and Euros.

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk is as follows:

	2017 USD
Trade debts	41,470
Trade payable	(2,373)
	<u>39,097</u>

The following significant exchange rates have been applied:

2017 USD to PKR			
Reporting date rate		Average rate	
buying 106.40	selling 106.70	buying 104.55	selling 104.75

#### Sensitivity Analysis

A 10 percent strengthening / weakening of the PKR against USD and PKR against Euro at 30 June would have decreased / increased post-tax profit by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant.

	2017 (Rupees in '000)
<b>Effect on profit</b>	
USD 10%	(417,165)
	<u>-</u>

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit / loss for the year and assets and liabilities of the Group.

#### 32.3.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Majority of the interest rate exposure arises from short and long term borrowings from banks. At the reporting date, the interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing financial instruments was as follows:

	Carrying amount 2017 (Rupees in '000)
<b>Financial liabilities</b>	
Long term finance	<u>547,150</u>

#### Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Group does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit and loss account.

#### 32.3.3 Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying values of the financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values. Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

#### 32.3.4 Capital risk management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence, sustain future development of the business, safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefit for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Board of Directors monitors the return on capital, which the Group defines as net profit after taxation divided by total shareholders' equity. The Board of Directors also monitors the level of dividend to ordinary shareholders. There were no changes to the Group's approach to capital management during the year and the Group is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

### 33 OPERATING SEGMENTS

These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of a single reportable segment.

- Revenue from export sales represents 99.55% of the total gross revenue of the Group.
- All non-current assets of the Group at 30 June 2017 are located in Pakistan.
- The amount of revenue from customers having sales of more than 10% of total sales amounting to Rs. 12,718 million, excluding sales tax and Federal Excise Duty, during the year ended 30 June 2017. The major customers are outside from Pakistan.

### 34 NON ADJUSTING EVENT

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on September 26, 2017 has proposed a cash dividend in respect of the year ended June 30, 2017 of Rs 1.70 per share for all shareholders amounting to Rs.640,561,646 for all shareholders of the Group, for approval of the members at the Annual General Meeting to be held on October 26, 2017. These financial statements do not include the effect of this proposed cash dividend which will be accounted for in the financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2018.



**35 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES**

The total number of employees and average number of employees at year end and during the year respectively are as follows:

	2017 (Number)
Total number of employees as at June 30	3,100
Average number of employees during the year	3,067

**36 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE**

These consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue on September 26, 2017 by the Board of Directors of the Group.

**37 GENERAL**

All figures in the consolidated financial statements are rounded off to the nearest thousand.

**Khaleequr Rahman**  
Director

**Rehan Rahman**  
Chief Executive

**Imran Tola**  
Chief Financial Officer

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I/We, \_\_\_\_\_  
of \_\_\_\_\_  
Being a member of **FEROZE1888 MILLS LIMITED** holding \_\_\_\_\_  
Ordinary shares as per Share Register Folio No, \_\_\_\_\_ and/or CDC \_\_\_\_\_  
Participant I.D. No. \_\_\_\_\_ and Account/Sub Account No. \_\_\_\_\_  
hereby appoint \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_  
or failing him/her \_\_\_\_\_

as my/our Proxy to vote for me and on my/our behalf at the **45<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting** of the Company to be held at B-4/A, SITE, Karachi on Thursday, 26<sup>th</sup> October, 2017 at 09.30 a.m. and at any adjournment thereof.

Folio No./CDC No. :

Signature on Revenue Stamp  
of Rs. 5/-

1. Signature	2. Signature
Name	Name
Address	Address
CNIC/Passport No.	CNIC/Passport No.

- A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting may appoint a proxy in writing to attend the meeting and vote on the member's behalf. A Proxy should be a member of the Company.
- If a member is unable to attend the meeting, he/she/they may complete and sign this form and send it to the Company Secretary at the Registered Office so as to reach not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting.
- For CDC Account Holders / Corporate Entities

In addition to the above the following requirements have to be met:

- (i) The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and NIC numbers shall be stated on the form.
- (ii) Attested copies of NIC or the passport of the beneficial owner(s) and the proxy shall be proved with the proxy form.
- (iii) The proxy shall produce his/her NIC or original passport at the time of the meeting.
- (iv) In case of a corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the Company.



کمپنی سیکریٹری  
فیروز ۱۸۸۸ ملز لمیٹڈ  
کراچی

پراکسی فارم

میں/ ہم  
ساکن  
جنیت نمبر (ز) فیروز ۱۸۸۸ اعلیٰ تعلیم اور حق ملکیت رکھتے ہوئے  
عمومی شہر جس کا اندراج رجسٹر فو لیو نمبر \_\_\_\_\_ اور ذیلی اکاؤنٹ نمبر \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ میں/ ہم  
\_\_\_\_\_ ساکن سے۔  
\_\_\_\_\_ اور ان کے نہ جانے پر مسمیٰ / مسماۃ۔  
\_\_\_\_\_ ساکن  
\_\_\_\_\_ بطور پر کسی مقرر کرنا / کرتے ہیں تاکہ وہ میری / ہماری جگہ اور میری / ہماری طرف سے کھپنی کے 45 ویں سالانہ عام  
اجلاس بمقام رجسٹرڈ آفس 26 B-4/A, SITE, Karachi 2017 اکتوبر 09:30 بجے منعقد ہو رہا ہے، اس میں یا اس کے کسی ملٹی میڈیا اجلاس میں شرکت  
\_\_\_\_\_ کرے اور ووٹ ڈالے۔  
\_\_\_\_\_ بطور میرے / ہمارے گواہ۔  
\_\_\_\_\_ کو بتایا۔  
\_\_\_\_\_ 2017  
\_\_\_\_\_ کو مندرجہ بالا کے نامزد کیا گیا ہے۔  
\_\_\_\_\_ موجودگی میں

درست رقم کا ٹکٹ

چسپاں کریں

دستخط

(دستخط کا کمپنی میں رجسٹرڈ نمونے سے مماثلت رکھنا ضروری ہے)

(گواہ)

نام \_\_\_\_\_

— — — — —

## شناختی کارڈ نم

پاسپورٹ نمبر

نوٹ:

- پراسکیر سے موثر ہونے کے لیے لازمی ہے کہ وہ کینسر کے رجسٹرڈ آفس یا شیئر رجسٹر کو مہر شدہ اور دستخط کے ساتھ اجلاس سے کم از کم 48 گھنٹے قبل وصول ہو جائے۔  
 • سی ڈی شیئر ہولڈرز اور ان کی پراسکیر سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ کینسر کو جمع کروانے سے قبل اس پر کسی فارم کے ساتھ اپنا کمپیوٹرائزڈ دعوئی شناختی کارڈ یا پاپیورٹ کی نقل جمع کروائیں۔